

Mental Health Technology Transfer Northeast and Caribbean Center (MHTTC)

Awarded to Rutgers, School of Health Professions, Department of Psychiatric Rehabilitation

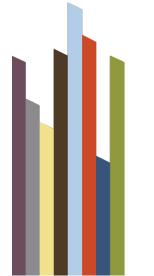
Co-Director: Ann Murphy, Ph.D., CPRP PI: Kenneth Gill, Ph.D., CPRP



Northeast Caribbean MHTTC

- Provides 5 years (2018 2023) of funding to:
- Enhance capacity of behavioral health workforce to deliver evidence-based and promising practices to individuals with mental illnesses
- Address full continuum of services spanning mental illness prevention, treatment, and recovery supports
- Train related workforces (police/first responders primary care providers, vocational services, etc.) to provide effective services to people with mental Illnesses

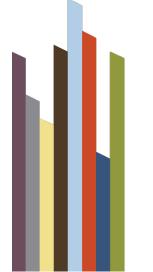




Feedback

Our funding comes from the Substance Abuse assist us in developing trainings that are which will provide information to SAMHSA, ANONYMOUS feedback about this event, services. We appreciate your honest, (SAMHSA), which requires us to evaluate our and Mental Health Services Administration programs. Feedback about this training will AND assist us in planning future meetings and relevant to your current professional needs. Therefore, your feedback counts!



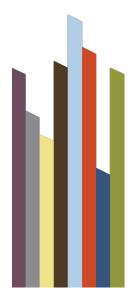


Video Recording Information

Please note that we will be recording this website today's call will be recorded and posted on our webinar and posting it to our website. Any information and input you provide during

THANKS!

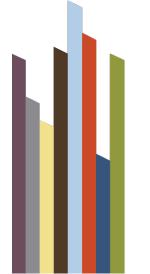




Your Interactions with Us

- Question and Answers
- Q & A will occur at the end of the call.
- Please type your questions in the Q & A feature in Zoom located on the task bar (hover over task bar)
- Chat and Polls
- Throughout the webinar, we will be asking for your input.
- Please use the Chat or Poll features in Zoom located on the task bar





Michelle Zechner, PhD, MSW, LSW, CPRP





Northeast and Caribbean (HHS Region 2)

Older Adults with Serious Mental Illnesses: Overview and Strategies for Programming

Part 2

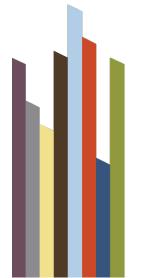




Learning Objectives

- Discuss EBPs for Age Onset Depression
- Identify EBPs and Best Practices for Programming for older adults with serious mental illnesses - SMI
- Discuss wellness as a framework for developing new programming
- working with older adults Explore knowledge, skills and attitudes needed for





A Quick Review





Challenges



Bartels. & Pratt, 2009; Bartels & Dums, 2003; Pratt, Bartels, Mueser & Forester, 2008; US Dept of Health & Human Svcs, 1999



Let's Hear from You



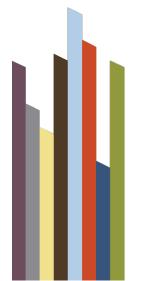


Chat Box Question:

Based on your experience...

programming? most commonly addressed in your What issues for older adults with SMI are





What are EBPs for Older Persons?





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Toolkit: Treatment of Depression in Older Adults

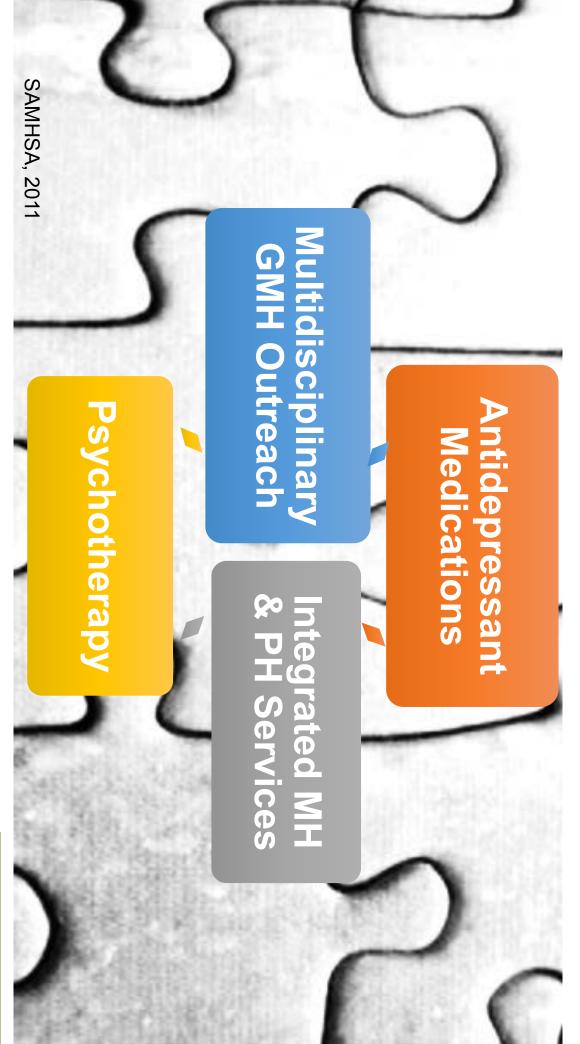


www.samhsa.gov



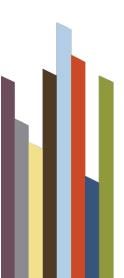
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EBPs for OA Depression





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EBP Psychotherapy Interventions

Cognitive Behavioral Therapy

Behavioral Therapy

Problem Solving Therapy

Interpersonal Psychotherapy

Reminiscence Therapy

Cognitive Bibliotherapy

SAMHSA, 2011



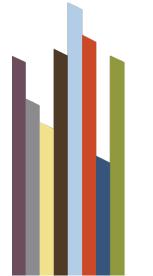
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Integrated MH & PH Services

- Provides both Mental Health & Physical Health Services (co-location)
- Example: Improving Mood: Promoting Access to Collaborative Treatment (IMPACT) program
- Adds mental health case manager to physical health Clinic
- Includes education, behavioral activation, and for up to 12 months problem-solving treatment in primary care settings
- Antidepressant medication management

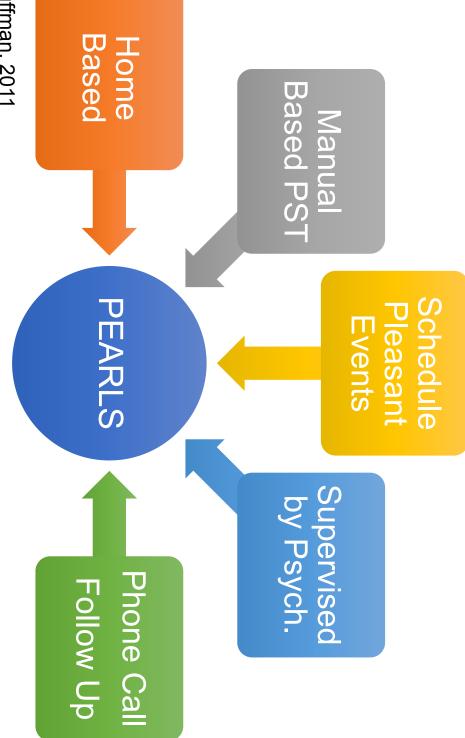
Uenitzer et al., 2008





Multidisciplinary GMH Outreach

Program to Encourage Active, Rewarding Lives



Marshall & Kauffman, 2011



Best Practices for Anxiety

CBT Individual or Group

Cognitive Restructuring

Relaxation Training

Supportive Group Psychotherapy

Segal, Qualls & Smyer, 2011; Bartels, et al., 2004



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Let's Hear from You



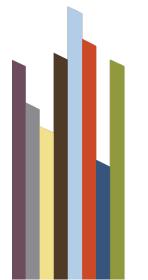


Poll Question

older adults? challenges to provide programming for What are your (or your organization's)

Time, staffing, lack of curricula, participation by clients





Programming for Aging Persons Serious Mental Illness With

Best Practices for Older Adults with Serious Mental Illness

Integration of health & MH

Helping Older
Persons Experience
Success (HOPES)

Integrated IMR (I-IMR)

Functional Adaptation Skills Training

Diabetes Awareness Rehabilitation Training

Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy

Cognitive Behavioral Social Skills Training (CBSST)

Compensatory Cognitive Training

Cognitive Remediation

Social Skills

Cognitive Behavioral Social Skills Training (CBSST)

Social Skills Training

Other

Supported Employment

Integrated Psychological Training

Granholm et al., 2013; Pratt et al., 2013; Twamley et al., 2012; Bartels et al., 2014



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Combining MH & PH

HOPES

Bartels et al.,2004

DART

McKibbin et al., 2006

T-IMR

Mueser et al., 2012

Iealth

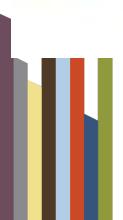
FAST

Patterson et al., 2003



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Cognitive Behavioral Therapy

CBSST

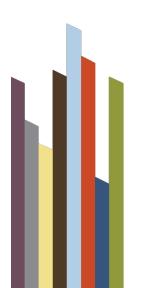
Cognitive Remediation

Compensatory Cognitive Training

(Granholm et al., 2013: Twamley, 2013)



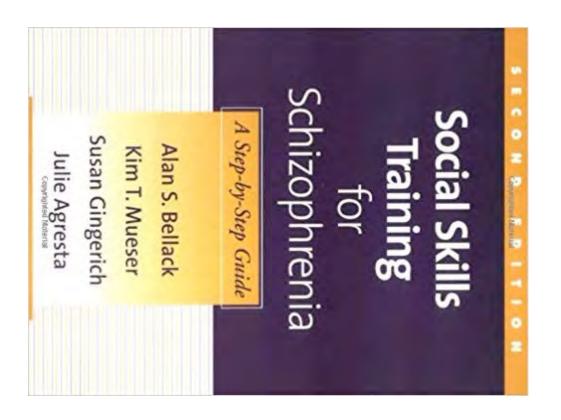
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Social Skills Training



http://www.cbsst.org





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Other Programming

- Integrated
 Psychological
 Therapy (IPT)
- Supported Employment





Let's Hear from You

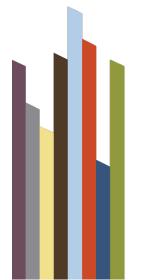




Chat Box Question

programs? What types of interventions are you using in your







Wellness

- The active process through which people become aware of, and make choices towards, a more successful existence.
- More simply put: Striving to be as healthy as you can be in all aspects of your life.

Swarbrick, 2006; National Wellness Institute, www.nationalwellness.org



EMOTIONAL

Coping effectively with life and creating satisfying relationships.

ENVIRONMENTAL

Good health by occupying pleasant, stimulating environments that support well-being.

FINANCIAL

Satisfaction with current and future financial situations.

INTELLECTUAL

Recognizing creative abilities and finding ways to expand knowledge and skills.

WELLNESS

SOCIAL

Developing a sense of connection, belonging, and a well-developed support system.

PHYSICAL

Recognizing the need for physical activity, diet sleep, and nutrition.

SPIRITUAL

Expanding our sense of purpose and meaning in life

www.samhsa.gov

OCCUPATIONAL nal satisfaction and enri

Personal satisfaction and enrichment derived from one's work.

Let's Hear from You

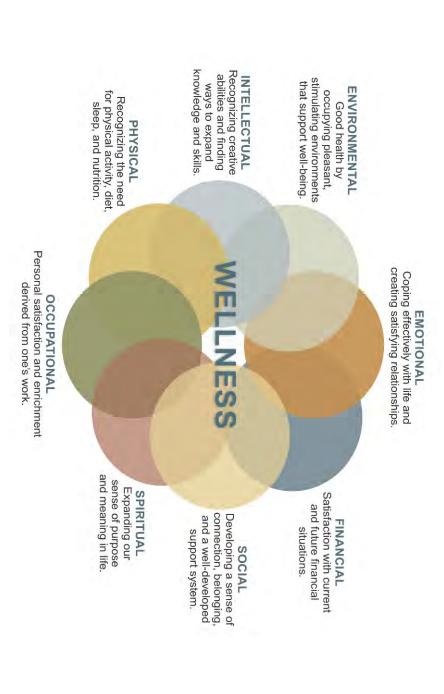




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Poll Question

Which dimensions of wellness are most important for persons with SMI who are aging?





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The Wellness Model with **Older Adults**

- How might wellness be different for older adults?
- Which domains may be more important or less important?

Consider culture, gender, sexuality, & cohort





Aging Positively

"Normal aging"

Positive Aging Movement

http://www.taosinstitute.net/positive-aging-newsletter



Benefits of Wellness

Comprehensive

Strengths

Activating

Skills









Considerations



Recommendations



Consider Wellness: physical, mental and spiritual



Peer Support



Integrate supporters



Ask service recipients



Attend to cognition



Self management



Aging Issues



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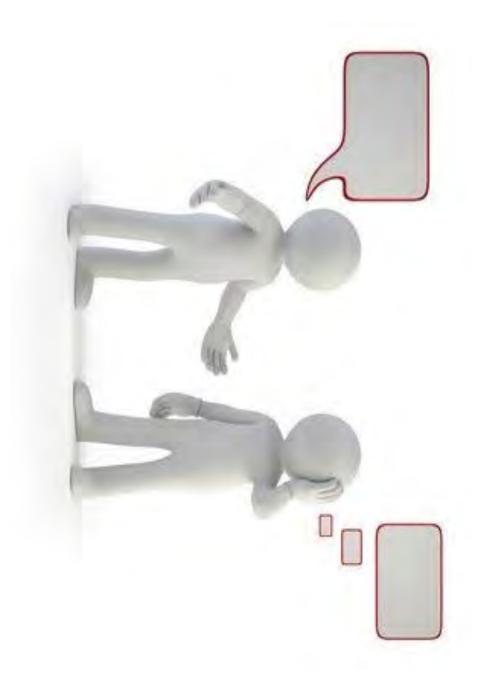
MHTTC Mental Health Technology Transfer Center Network
Funded by Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

IOM, 2012; Zechner, et al., 2018

Knowledge, Skills and Attitudes

- are diagnosed with SMI? effective programming with older adults who What do practitioners need to know to develop
- What skills are needed to effectively engage older adults?
- What attitudes are necessary to work with older adults?



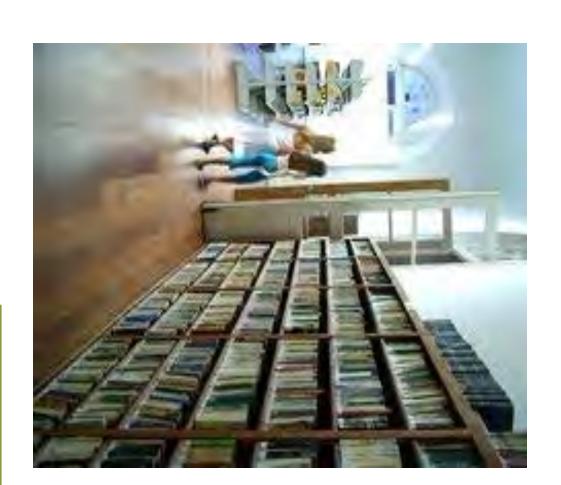




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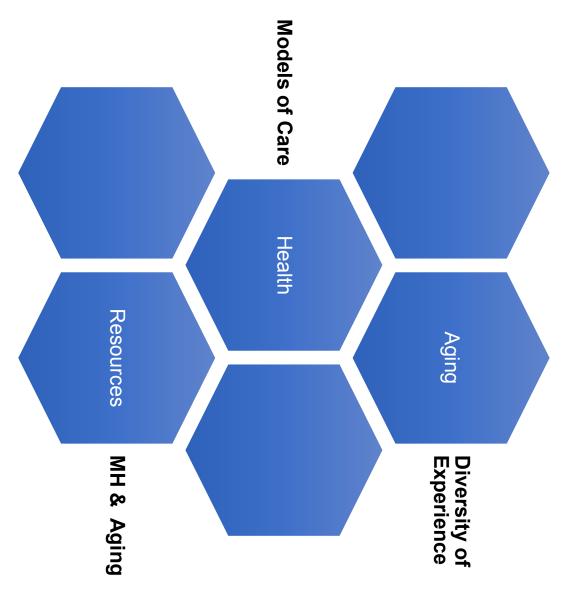
Chat Box Question

What do practitioners need to know to develop effective programming with older adults who are diagnosed with SMI?





Knowledge





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MHTTC Mental Health Technology Transfer Center Network

Funded by Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Chat Box Question

What skills are needed to effectively engage older adults?





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Skills

Communicate

Motivate

Collaborate

Empower

Counseling



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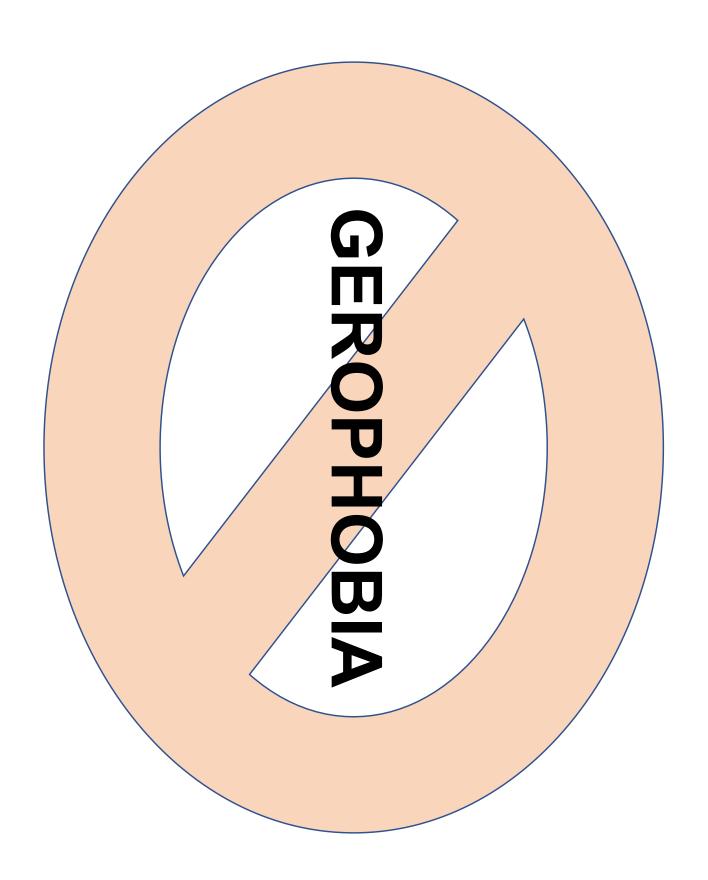
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Chat Box Question

necessary to work with older adults? What attitudes are







Attitudes

Inter-connected

Hope

VALUE OA

Normalize aging

Diversity



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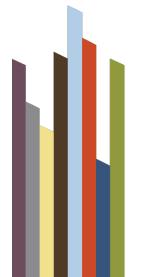




Chat Box Question

face in developing and implementing In 2-3 words, what other issues do you programming for older adults?





Other Considerations









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Programmatic Considerations

Staff

Resources

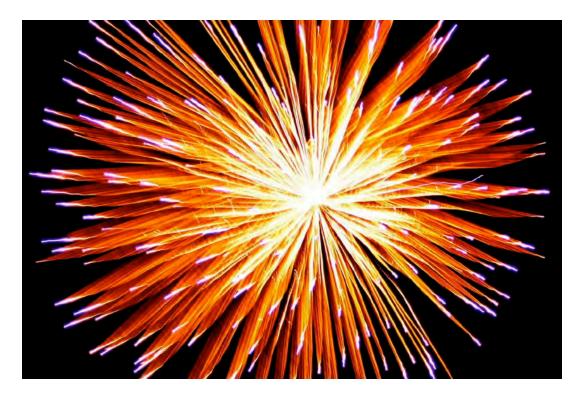
Scope



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Future Trends

- Peers
- Technology
- Mindfulness
- Motivation
- CollaborativeCare
- Substance Use



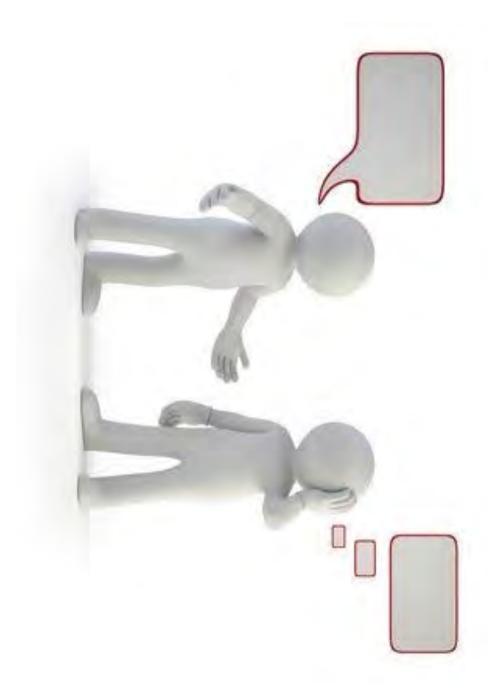
Bartels et al., 2017; Bryant,c 2015; Twamley, 2013; Zechner et al., 2019



Summary

- SAMHSA Toolkit with EBPs for Depression services, multidisciplinary outreach) (medication, psychotherapy, integrated MH & PH
- Existing programs for people with SMI focus on health management, CBT, Social skills
- Wellness model can serve as a framework
- Specific knowledge, attitudes and skills are required for working with older adults







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Last, but not least...

What else do you need to learn to address the needs of this population?

What resources would be of value to you?



Resources

https://mncamh.umn.edu/clinical-training/i-imr/ Integrated Illness Management & Recovery

National Registry of Evidence Based and Promising Practices

https://www.samhsa.gov/nrepp

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Selecting EBPs for Treatment of Depression in Older Adults

dvd-selecting.pdt https://store.samhsa.gov/system/files/sma11-4631cd-





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