Targeting Executive Functioning Deficits Related to Mental Health Conditions

Cognition- A set of mental processes that underlies learning, including attention, memory, comprehending language, verbal and visual recognition, computation, reasoning, and problem solving (Green et al., 2004).

Executive Functions ("cognitive control system")- An umbrella term for the cognitive processes that help thought and action (Friedman et al., 2008).

Five Common EFs:

- 1. Planning plotting a sequence of steps to achieve a goal
 - o late to class, poor quality assignments (rushed), late assignments, missed exams
- 2. Reasoning- thinking through information in a logical way
 - trouble connecting previously discussed ideas with current ideas, poor essay answers on exams, lack of problem solving at internship
- 3. Attentional control- choosing how one directs their attention
 - Staring off into space, repeating questions, unfinished assignments
- 4. Inhibiting automatic responses resisting urges that lead to undesired outcomes
 - o speaks out of turn (interrupts), preoccupied with technology
- 5. Working memory- the ability to hold and process information
 - "What was the point I was trying to make?" lack of participation, difficulty holding what was read/seen/heard

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B.L. Stone (2020) modified from Malenczak & Stone, (2017). AHEAD National Conference

Executive Function	Functional Implication- Trouble with	Support Strategies	Personal Strategies
Planning	 Punctuality Preparing for appointments, due dates, & deadlines Estimating how long it takes to complete tasks 	Encourage habits/routines Varied deadlines for chunks of large projects Early availability of course materials/syllabus Automatic calendar invites and reminders set at varying intervals	Calendaring with weekly review Use To-Do lists (daily/weekly) Chunking for large tasks Transfer due dates/appointments immediately <u>Task management over time management</u>
Reasoning	 Identifying solutions to problems Completing assignments Creative expression Test-taking 	Opportunity for draft feedback Administrative accommodations (assistance w course selection, registration, financial aid) Requesting model of assignment	Brainstorming (pros/con list) Utilize office hours to clarify Partner with a classmate/colleague Talk through problems out loud Seek out feedback (natural supports) <u>Utilize WISE Choice Model</u>
Attention Control	 Note-taking Listening to lectures or meetings Reading comprehension Studying 	Learning Management Accessibility Exam reader/scribe/meeting transcripts Record lectures/meetings Use of <u>SmartPen</u> or <u>Notability</u> Extra time to complete exams Varied instructional strategy	Paraphrasing Active/pre-arranged breaks Shorter more frequent study or work blocks Use timers to count down to break Schedule based on energy
Inhibiting Automatic Responses	 Classroom norms Interrupting others Eliminating &/or ignoring internal/external distractions Managing strong emotions Dwelling on negative thoughts or problems 	Distraction-free testing area Private feedback on academic performance	Set up a low distraction environment Turn off Wi-Fi if writing Disable notifications on computer & phone Separate browser for fun/school/work <u>Website blocking software</u> Skill development for accepting/responding to criticism (don't send that email right away!)
Working Memory	 Committing what is read or seen to memory Keeping track of appointments & due dates Studying for & taking exams Writing papers 	Discourage multi-tasking Increased frequency of exams Modified exam format Textbooks in alternate format (audiobooks) Use of assistive computer software	Summarizing Overlearning <u>Note-taking: listen for restated points</u> Flash cards <u>Visualization</u> & self-talk