

Growing Crisis:

Suicide Death Rate, Attempts and **Injuries among Black Youth**

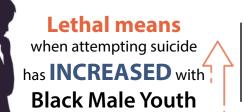
"Data show that it is a myth that Black youth do not die by suicide"

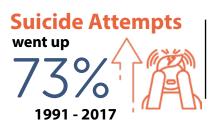
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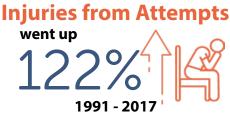


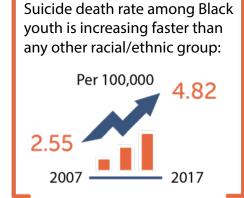


Recent Findings Black Youth

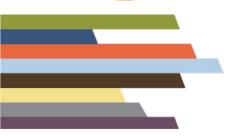
















The Challenge

Limited research on:

- Reason(s) for rise in suicide deaths, attempts and injuries among Black youth
- Effective suicide prevention strategies for Black youth















What do we know?

Key risk factors for suicidal thoughts and behaviors for youth in general include:

- The presence of a psychiatric disorder (e.g., depression, anxiety)
- Sex (with females being more likely to attempt suicide and males being more likely to die from suicide), LGBTQ+/ SGL identity
- Prior suicide attempts
- Being a victim of bullying and bullying others
- Socioeconomic factors
- Impaired family functioning
- Exposure to suicide (including a family member or celebrity)
- Access to lethal means

What can we do?

- Screen for depression in primary care settings
- Psychosocial interventions shown to be effective or probably effective in the treatment of Black youth:
 - Multi-systemic therapy (MST)
 - o Peer resilient treatment for traumatic stress
 - o Cognitive behavioral treatment (CBT)
- Improve the mental health service utilization among Black youth
- Design, implement, treat and evaluate existing and new suicide interventions targeting specific risk factors among Black youth
- Encourage families and loved ones to check in with their children
- Encourage more research on why the rate of suicide deaths, attempts and injuries are rising in Black youth

In addition to the above risks, other possible contributing factors may include but are not necessarily limited to:

- Chronic stress/trauma associated with:
 - O Poverty
 - Community violence
- Racial discrimination
- Media and technology
- · Lack of access to behavioral and physical health care
- Lack of evidence-based culturally-grounded suicide prevention programs and strategies
- Access to means to die by suicide

Source

Lindsey MA, Sheftall AH, Xiao Y, Joe S. Trends of Suicidal Behaviors Among High School Students in the United States: 1991–2017. Pediatrics. 2019; 144(5):e20191187

Resources:

Suicide Prevention Resource Center https://www.sprc.org/populations/blacks-african-americans

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline (1-800 273-8255) https://suicidepreventionlifeline.org/

National Center for Injury Prevention and Control Division of Violence Prevention https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/suicideTechnicalPackage.pdf 2017 Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS) Results https://www.cdc.gov/nchhstp/dear_colleague/2018/dcl-061418-YRBS.html

