

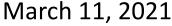
COVID 19: Disparities, Discrimination and Mental Health Challenges



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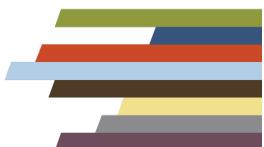




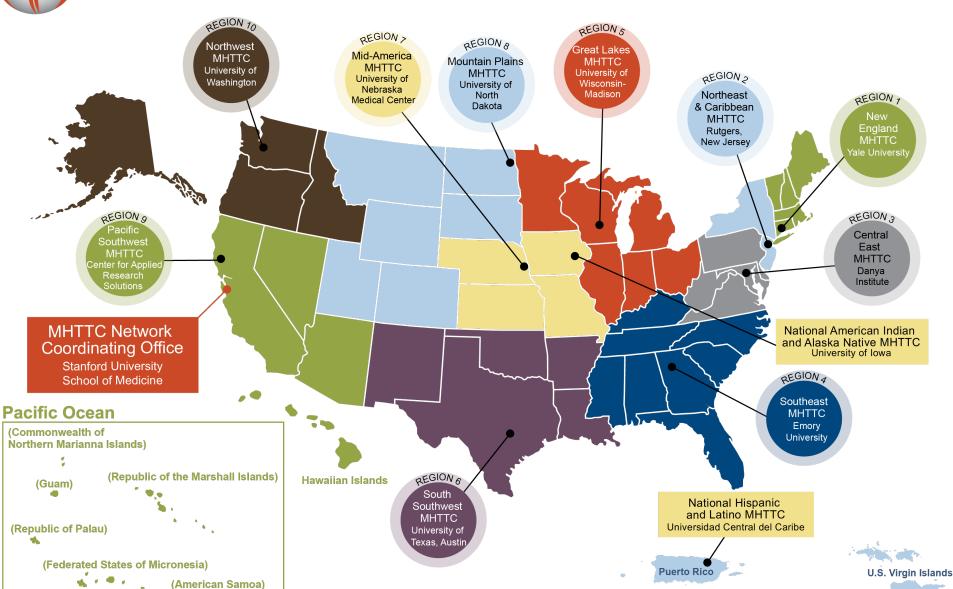












The MHTTC Network uses affirming, respectful and recovery-oriented language in all activities. That language is:

INVITING TO INDIVIDUALS PARTICIPATING IN THEIR OWN JOURNEYS

STRENGTHS-BASED AND HOPEFUL

PERSON-FIRST AND FREE OF LABELS

INCLUSIVE AND
ACCEPTING OF
DIVERSE CULTURES,
GENDERS,
PERSPECTIVES,
AND EXPERIENCES

NON-JUDGMENTAL AND AVOIDING ASSUMPTIONS

HEALING-CENTERED/TRAUMA-RESPONSIVE

RESPECTFUL, CLEAR AND UNDERSTANDABLE

CONSISTENT WITH OUR ACTIONS, POLICIES, AND PRODUCTS

Adapted from: https://mhcc.org.au/wp-content/uploads/2019/08/Recovery-Oriented-Language-Guide_2019ed_v1_20190809-Web.pdf

Disparities

- A racial, ethnic or behavioral health outcome that is seen to greater or lesser extent between populations.
 Particularly linked with social, economic, and/or environmental disadvantage (Health People 2020).
- Have been developing on this continent for 100s of years.
- Intentional policies have created inequities and institutionalized racism and other forms of oppression maintain them. Poor people didn't create disparities!
- Covid-19 further **exposed disparities**.

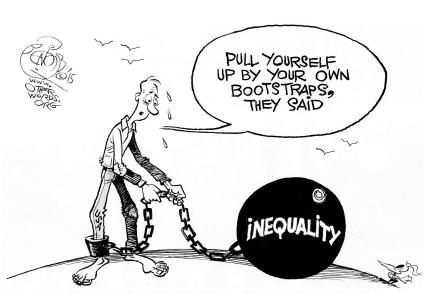


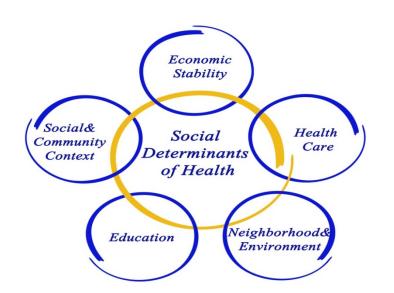
THE MAJORITY OF AMERICA'S PROBLEMS CAN BE SOLVED WITH TWO WORDS.

PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY

FAR RIGHT OF LEFT

Personal Responsibility or Societal Determinants of Health





COVID-19: U.S. Context

- Over 29 million people infects in the U.S.
- Over 525,000 people have died in the U.S.
- Covid-19 is a major psychological stressor for the entire population, with disproportionate impacts on marginalized individuals, families and communities.



 Native Peoples, Black/African Americans, Hispanic/Latinx, and those who are economically disadvantaged continue to be disproportionately impacted.

COVID-19 Hospitalizations

American Indian or Alaska Native
 people had an age-adjusted COVID 19 hospitalization rate about 5.3
 times that of non-Hispanic whites;

 Hospitalization rates for Black and Hispanic or Latino people were both about 4.7 times the rate of non-Hispanic white people.



Mayo Clinic 2021: https://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/coronavirus/expert-answers/coronavirus-infection-by-race/faq-20488802

Covid-19 Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity

Deaths as of March 2, 2021:

- 1 in 390 Indigenous Americans has died (or 256.0 deaths per 100,000)
- 1 in 555 Black Americans has died (or 179.8 deaths per 100,000)
- 1 in 565 Pacific Islander Americans has died (or 176.6 deaths per 100,000)
- 1 in 665 White Americans has died (or 150.2 deaths per 100,000)
- 1 in 680 Latino Americans has died (or 147.3 deaths per 100,000)
- 1 in 1,040 Asian Americans has died (or 96.0 deaths per 100,000)

(APM Research Lab: https://www.apmresearchlab.org/covid/deaths-by-race)

Vaccine Availability and Access

• 2 of the **wealthiest zip codes** in the US have received priority access to vaccines.

 Native, African American/Black, and Hispanic/Latinx people are not prioritized.

 The public health system and infrastructure once again fails marginalized communities.

Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders

- **Mental illnesses are common** in the United States. Nearly one in five U.S. adults live with a mental illness (46.6 million in 2017).
- **Serious mental illness (SMI)** is defined as a mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder resulting in serious functional impairment..

https://smiadviser.org/about/covid

Research has indicated that people with serious population.

https://www.drugabuse.gov/publications/research-reports/common-comorbidities-substance-usedisorders/part-1-connection-between-substance-use-disorders-mental-illness

mental illness die 10-25 years earlier than the general

Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders

- The term "comorbidity" describes two or more disorders or illnesses occurring in the same person.
- In 2018, approximately **20.3 million people aged 12 or older had a substance use disorder (SUD)** related to their use of alcohol or illicit drugs in the past year (SAMHSA, 2018).
- According to NIDA (2020) "People with substance use disorders (SUDs) may be particularly vulnerable to COVID-19 and its most adverse health outcomes." Relapse rates skyrocketed in 2020.



• In a 12 month period, 82 thousand people died of opioid overdoses in the US. This is the largest number ever in a 12 month period (CDC, 2020).

Mental Health, Substance Use Disorders and Suicidal Ideation during Covid-19

- Elevated levels of adverse mental health conditions, substance use, and suicidal ideation were reported by adults in the United States in June 2020.
- The prevalence of symptoms of anxiety disorder was approximately three times those reported in the second quarter of 2019 (25.5% versus 8.1%).
- Prevalence of depressive disorder was approximately four times that reported in the second quarter of 2019 (24.3% versus 6.5%).

CDC: https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/69/wr/mm6932a1.htm

Impacts of the Healthcare and Behavioral Health Workforce

- Countless have been exposed to Covid-19.
 Many have died as a result.
- There are stressors associated with caring for the sick and/or gravely ill under adverse circumstances.



- Many workers have been isolated from their families and loved ones.
- Extended work shifts with little no supports.



Trauma Grief and Loss

- The impact of mass graves and drive by funerals.
- The absence of rituals, such as funerals, family gatherings, and opportunities for person-to-person goodbyes, often results in disenfranchised grief.
- For frontline healthcare workers, the huge surge in deaths is distressing. Discontinuing mechanical ventilation is emotionally onerous with little time for mourning due to the intensifying situation.
- Unusual and delayed grief may increase risk of prolonged grief disorder in this pandemic.

Siloed and Punitive Systems

 Health, Mental Health, and Substance Use Disorder systems are siloed.

 Criminal justice response to a public health crisis.

 Institutionalized racism and other forms of oppression.

Punitive approaches in treatment.

How We Claim We Treat People.....

Non-Bias

Non-Judgemental

As They Come

As We Want to be Treated

The Same



Mass Incarceration

1970 200,000



2021

2.3 Million

People

Incarcerated in the USA!!!

5.5 to 6 Million Individuals on Probation, Parole, House Arrest!

Deliberate Policies!

Deinstitutionalization

Schools Zones

War On Drugs

- 3 Strikes and You're Out
- So Called "Plea Bargains:"
 - 97% at the Federal level
- 94% State Level

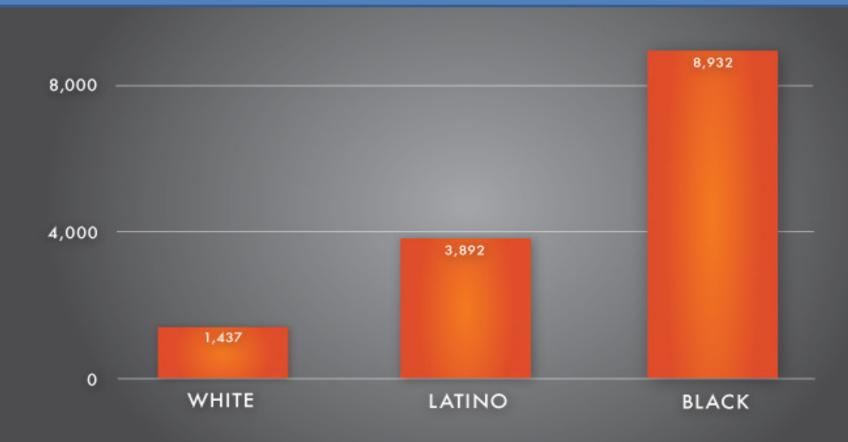
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Prisons/Jails

- **Mandatory Minimums**
- Criminal Offender Records
- No Voting Rights

Young Male Incarceration Rates, 2019

(number of people 25-29 years old incarcerated per 100,000 people in that age group)





Source: Prepared by the Prison Policy Initiative from Bureau of Justice Statistics, Correctional Population in the United States, 2010, Appendix Table 3.

Debate and Disagreements Regarding Vaccination for Inmates

Solutions, Strategies, Techniques, and Partnerships Moving Forward



We need a Process that Moves us From



To Humanization!!!!



Cultural Humility

"Cultural Humility incorporates a lifelong commitment to selfevaluation and self critique to redressing the power imbalances in the patient-physician dynamic and to developing mutually beneficial and non-paternalistic clinical and advocacy partnerships with communities on behalf of individuals and the defined population."

(Tervalon and Murry-Garcia, 1998)





Cultural Intelligence

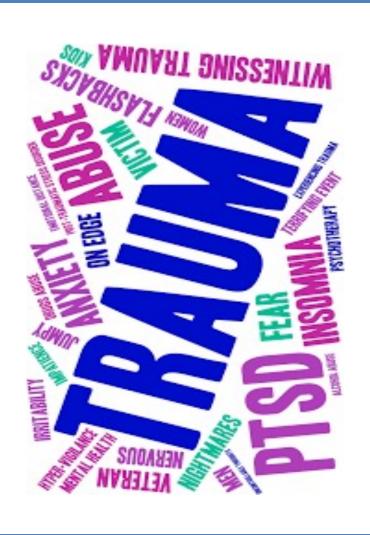
"Cultural Intelligence is the capability to relate and work effectively in culturally diverse situations. It goes beyond existing notions of cultural sensitivity and awareness to highlight a theoretically-based set of capabilities needed to successfully and respectfully accomplish your objectives in culturally diverse settings."





(Cultural Intelligence Center, 2020)

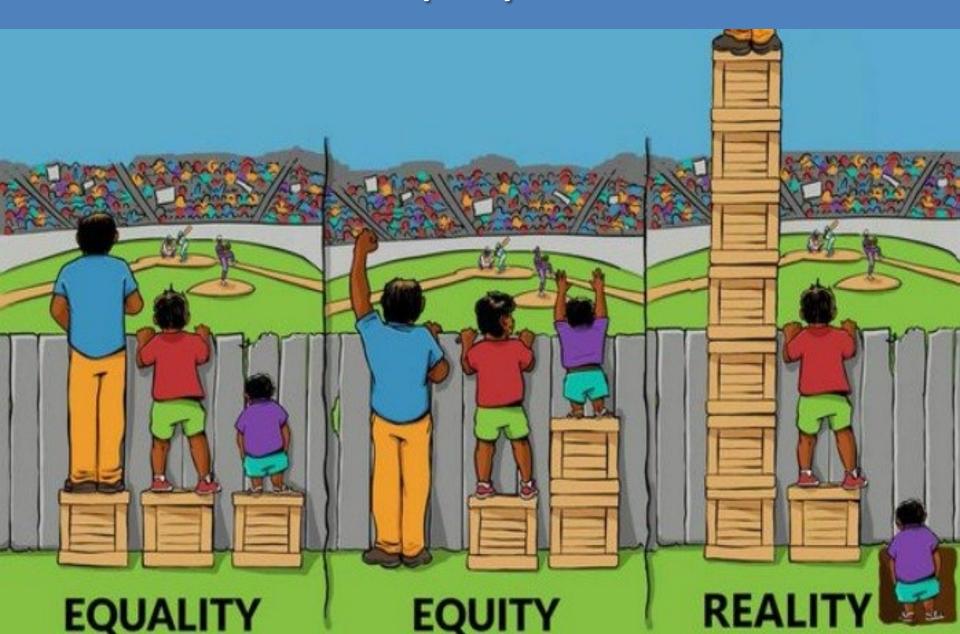
Not Just Trauma Informed......

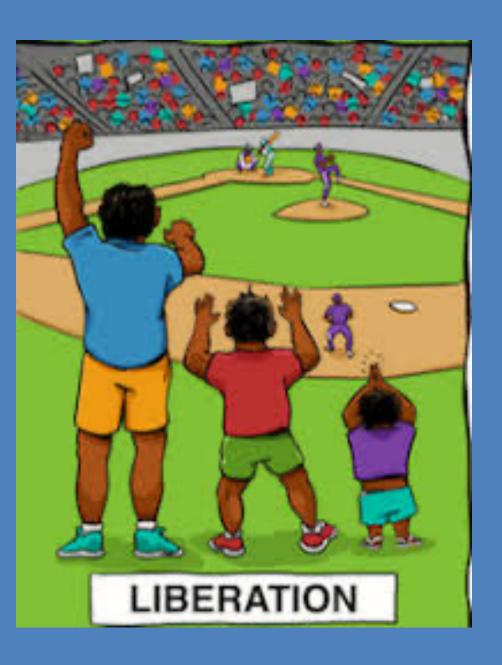




....Be Social Justice Informed!

Build Equity - Policies







Equitable Access to Covid-19 Vaccines and Treatments

 Yes marginalized groups distrust governments and health care institutions. Know that they have credible reasons!



 Focus on transforming racist and discriminatory systems – Don't' just attempt to change individual beliefs and behaviors; we need SYSTEMS CHANGE!



Allocate resources equitably!

Evidence: All Credible Outcomes Show That...

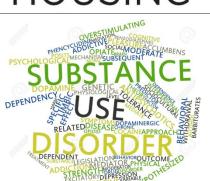






True Partnerships Across Systems

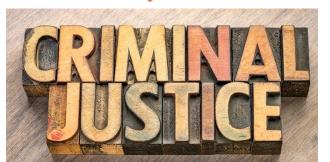




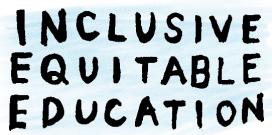














Advocacy Works!





Resources

Please visit our COVID-19 pandemic response resources for both the ATTC & PTTC Networks for helpful resources related to substance use prevention, treatment, and recovery:

- ATTC Pandemic Response Resources
- PTTC Pandemic Response Resources
- PTTC Workgroup Addressing Culturally & Linguistically Appropriate Practices
 Resources
- ATTC Workgroup Health Equity & Inclusion Resources

References

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- Health People 2020: https://www.healthypeople.gov/2020
- Key Substance Use and Mental Health Indicators in the United States: Results from the 2018 National Survey on Drug Use and Health, https://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/cbhsq-reports/NSDUHNationalFindingsReport2018.pdf
- Mental Health, Substance Use, and Suicidal Ideation During the COVID-19 Pandemic United States, June 24–30, 2020: https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/69/wr/mm6932a1.htm
- William White: Multiple Pathways of Recover: http://www.williamwhitepapers.com/pr/dlm_uploads/Multiple-Pathways-of-Recovery-Guide-2018.pdf
- New Evidence on Substance Use Disorders and COVID-19 Susceptibility: https://www.drugabuse.gov/about-nida/noras-blog/2020/10/new-evidence-substance-use-disorders-covid-19-susceptibility
- Opioid Overdoes, CDC, 2021: https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/data/statedeaths.html
- Prison Policy Initiative: https://www.prisonpolicy.org/
- Tervalon and Murry-Garcia, 1998. Cultural humility versus cultural competence: a critical distinction in defining physician training outcomes in multicultural education
- THE COLOR OF CORONAVIRUS: COVID-19 DEATHS BY RACE AND ETHNICITY IN THE U.S.: https://www.apmresearchlab.org/covid/deaths-by-race
- Zhai, Y., & Du, X. (2020). Loss and grief amidst COVID-19: A path to adaptation and resilience. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 87, 80–81. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bbi.2020.04.053