





The Spirit of Communication: Motivational Interviewing Practice Essentials



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Welcome Back Opening Blessing

110" ~10" Opening, Welcome and Introductions Process #1: Engagement 4 Processes of Change:

Process #2: Focus Practice

Practice

OARS: The client centered relational skills

The 4 key MI processes



PLANNING

EVOKING

FOCUSING

ENGAGING

MI3 p.26-32



Definition: (Higgins, Larson, Schnall, 2018)

appropriate to the individual in cooperation purposes of maximizing outcomes or with a healthcare provider or institution for the participate in care in a way uniquely experiences of care. The desire and capability to actively choose to



Defining Patient/(Family) Engagement

- Personalization- interventions or strategies (a plan) for individual patients tailored to meet the unique needs and circumstances
- Access- ability of the patient to feel confident with available information and resources





- Commitment- cognitive and emotional factors that motivate patients to want to learn and increase their awareness of their condition (s) and take the steps necessary to move towards improvement over time
- Therapeutic alliance- related to engagement, however, more about goals") potentially creating an effective partnership in pursuit of health care empowerment, involvement and self-management ("sustains the patient's connection to the provider within the healthcare system,

Higgins, Larson, Schnall, 2018

MI Change Processes

1ST STEP: ENGAGING - THE RELATIONAL

- ☐ PERSON-CENTERED STYLE
- l Listen Understand dilemma and VALUES
- □ USE OF THE OARS CORE SKILLS

LEARN THIS FIRST

Primary Relational Core Skills Motivational Interviewing

- Open-ended Questions
- Affirmation
- Reflective Listening
- Summary



MI3 p. 63-39

MI into Application Using O.A.R.S.

- 1. Ask <u>open</u>-ended questions
- 2. Directly <u>affirm</u> and support the client.
- 3. Listen <u>reflectively</u>.
- 4. <u>Summarize</u> periodically.

Open-ended Questions

- Require more than a yes or no response
- Focus on patient concerns and interests, while also bringing up potential challenging areas to discuss

Examples;

today?" "What areas of your situation are important to you that we should discuss

"What if any concerns you might have that I can address with you today?"

"What would your reaction be if I asked to speak to you about

Reflections usually are;

- Person-centered –
- Can start with you...
- Are not questioning
- Express high empathy
- Shared with a MI spirit attitude
- Can be wrong at times, but OK when practicing MI -allows for more information

Express Empathy

Make an effort to walk in their shoes.

Being **accepting** increases the chance that the client will make positive changes.

Reflecting what your client has said (verbal and nonverbal) is a necessary skill for MI.

Feeling unsure about change is normal.

What's your experience of empathy?

PRACTICE / DEMONSTRATION

Affirm/Support

Use statements of appreciation and understanding NOT cheerleading

Examples:

problem." "You are very courageous that you decided to want to tackle this

it is not a favorite topic." "Your willingness to discuss this important issue is admirable, even though

information." "Thanks for taking the time and consideration to listen to my advise or

3 Types of Summaries

✓ Collecting — (The importance for the person)

The bouquet: Putting it all together

Linking Phrases together

"On the one hand...on the other"

"At the same time"

Ex. — "On the one hand, you're concerned that your drinking is affecting your health. On the other, you're not sure if you want to stop."

Transitional to the next phase —

"Let me see if I have everything so far..."

(at the end of one session)

"Let's review briefly where we are..."

(at the beginning of the next session)