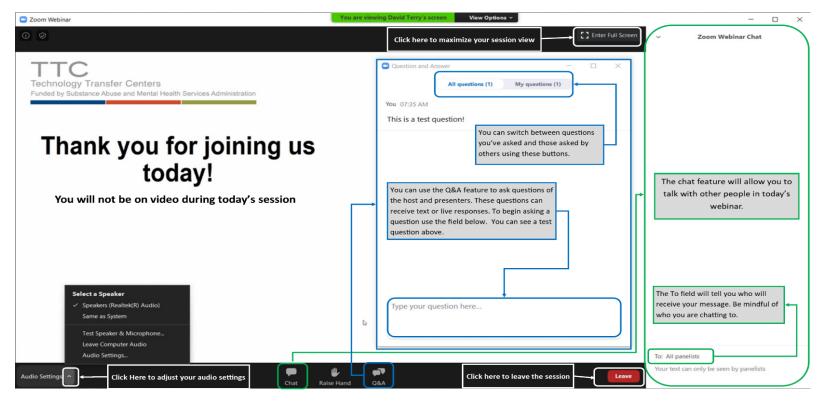
The Zoom Interface



All attendees are muted. Today's session will be recorded.

Telebehavioral Health Services: Planning and Investing for the Future of Your Services

Session 2: The Evidence-Base for Telebehavioral Health and Digital Mental Health Services

Jay Ostrowski
Behavioral Health Innovation
7/21/2021



About Us ...

The Northeast and Caribbean MHTTC received 5 years (2018 – 2023) of funding to:

- Enhance capacity of behavioral health workforce to deliver evidence-based and promising practices to individuals with mental illnesses.
- Address full continuum of services spanning mental illness prevention, treatment, and recovery supports.
- Train related workforces (police/first responders, primary care providers, vocational services, etc.) to provide effective services to people with mental illnesses.

Supplemental funding to:

- Support school teachers and staff to address student mental health
- Support healthcare providers in wellness and self-care activities



Grow Your Knowledge and Skills

Keep up with the latest effective practices, resources, and technologies!

Subscribe to receive our mailings. All activities are free!

https://bit.ly/2mpmpMb

We Want Your Feedback!

Our funding comes from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), which requires us to evaluate our services. We appreciate your honest, ANONYMOUS feedback about this event, which will provide information to SAMHSA, AND assist us in planning future meetings and programs.

Feedback about this training will assist us in developing future trainings that are relevant to your professional needs. Therefore, your feedback counts!

Video Recording Information

Please Note:

We will be recording this webinar and posting it to our website along with the presentation slides and any relevant resources.

Disclaimer

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At the time of this presentation, Tom Coderre served as Acting Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use at SAMHSA. The opinions expressed herein are the views of the speakers, and do not reflect the official position of the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), or SAMHSA. No official support or endorsement of DHHS, SAMHSA, for the opinions described in this presentation is intended or should be inferred.

This work is supported by grant H79SM081783 from the DHHS, SAMHSA.

Your Interactions With Us

Question and Answers

- Q & A will occur at the end of the call.
- Type your questions in the Q & A feature in Zoom located on the task bar (hover over task bar).
- Note: your question is visible to all participants.

Chat and Polls

- Throughout the webinar, we will be asking for your input.
- Use the Chat or Poll features in Zoom located on the task bar.
- You can control who can see your chat comments.

The MHTTC Network uses affirming, respectful and recovery-oriented language in all activities. That language is:

STRENGTHS-BASED AND HOPEFUL

INCLUSIVE AND
ACCEPTING OF
DIVERSE CULTURES,
GENDERS,
PERSPECTIVES,
AND EXPERIENCES

HEALING-CENTERED AND TRAUMA-RESPONSIVE

INVITING TO INDIVIDUALS PARTICIPATING IN THEIR OWN JOURNEYS

PERSON-FIRST AND FREE OF LABELS

NON-JUDGMENTAL AND AVOIDING ASSUMPTIONS

RESPECTFUL, CLEAR AND UNDERSTANDABLE

CONSISTENT WITH OUR ACTIONS, POLICIES, AND PRODUCTS

Our Presenter



Jay Ostrowski MA, LPC-S, NCC, DCC, ACS, CTCP



Evidence Base for Telebehavioral Health

JAY OSTROWSKI MA, LPC-S, NCC, ACS, BC-TMH

Consultative Partner- <u>TBHCOE.MATRC.org</u> CEO, <u>Behavioral Health Innovation</u> CEO, <u>Adaptive Telehealth</u>

Jay Ostrowski

Roles

CEO - Behavioral Health Innovation

CEO - Adaptive Telehealth

Consultant

- Mid-Atlantic Telehealth Resource Center

Consultant - Various, periodically

Licenses and Certifications

Licensed Professional Counselor Supervisor

Licensed Professional Counselor (MI, SC)

Approved Clinical Supervisor

National Certified Counselor

Board Certified - Telemental Health Provider

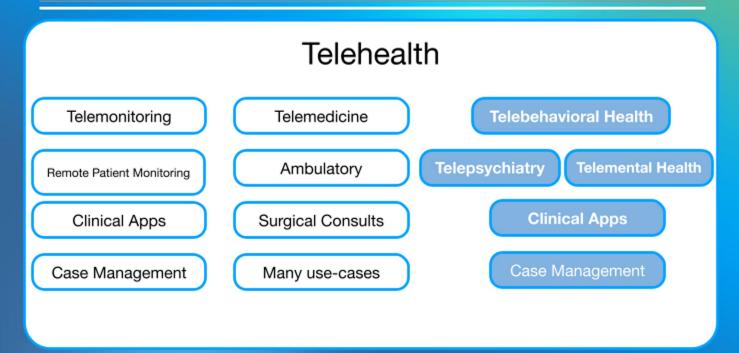
Learning Objectives



- Describe the efficacy of different types of TBH.
- List services ready now services ready to deploy in the near future.
- Identify the research challenges and opportunities in Telebehavioral Health services (TBH).

What is Telebehavioral Health?

Types of Telehealth



Telemental Health Modalities

Text-Based

Apps or cCBT

Video

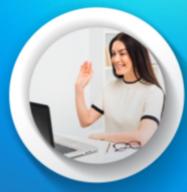
Avatar



Individual or Group



Self-help or Provider-Led



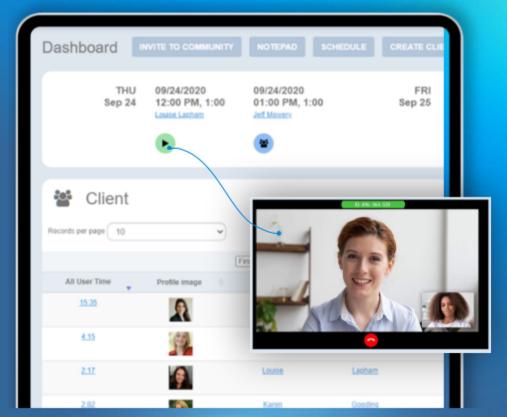
Individual or Group



Individual or Group

Secure Messaging Chat Forums

Client led self-help / Provider led / Community led / Provider prescribed / Combinations

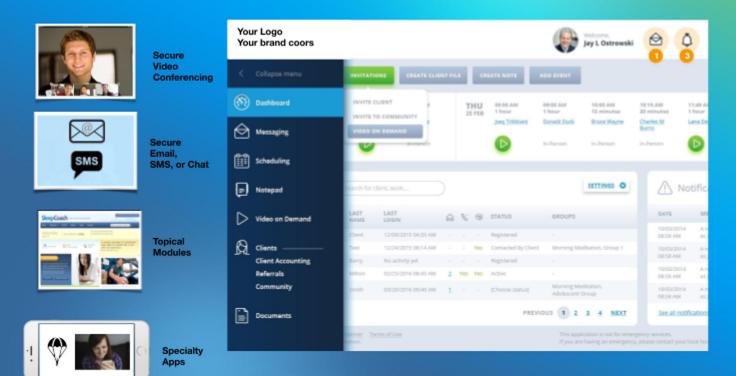




Telebehavioral Health is mostly Clinical video.

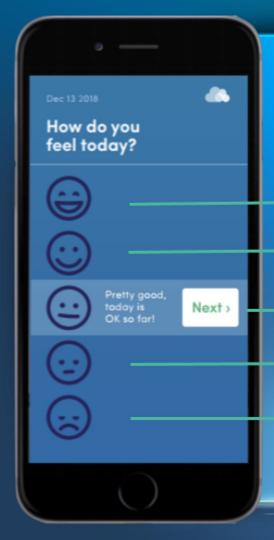
But that is rapidly changing.

Multi-Use, HIPAA-Secure, Telehealth Applications



Apps for Treatment and Relapse Prevention





Triage and/or Checkups

Response 1	Response 2	Response 3
Congrats! Direct to content	Content	
 Ask about improvement areas 	Assessment	Ask self-help or more assessment
Assessment	Live help	Assess-live or self help
Assessment	Live help	Live help
Assessment	Live help	Live help

TRIAGE SYSTEM

DAST SCREENING QUESTIONS

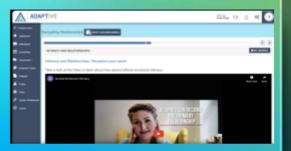


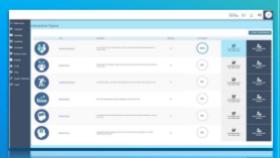


Automated workflow for each response.



Video meeting







What does "Evidence-Based" mean?

Methods of Evaluation

- Direct research Study
- Look Back Analysis of data
- Meta-Analysis Study of studies
- Filtered Meta-Analysis



Research Limitations

Terms

Types

Data

Measurement



Data Limitations

Study Compared

- Asynchronous technologies (text telepsychiatry),
- 2. Synchronous telepsychiatric (video telebehavioral health),
- 3. In-person care.

Hilty, D. M., Parish, M. B., Chan, S., Torous, J., Xiong, G., & Yellowlees, P. M. (2020). A comparison of In-Person, Synchronous and Asynchronous Telepsychiatry: Skills/Competencies, Teamwork, and Administrative Workflow. Journal of Technology in Behavioral Science, 5(3), 273-288. doi:10.1007/s41347-020-00137-8

Does Telebehavioral Health Work?

Yes.



- 900,000 Veterans used telehealth services in 2019
- 99,000 Veterans used VA Video Connect - ¾ Visits consisted of Telemental health care

https://www.aha.org/news/headl ine/2019-11-26-va-veterans-usetelehealth-services-17-fy-2019



- Telebehavioral Health treatment is increasing in the United States.
- 17.4% (12,334) of Substance Abuse Facilities now offer Telebehavioral Health in 2020
- 22.4% of all facilities offer telebehavioral treatment in rural areas

https://www.sciencedirect.com/ science/journal/07405472



Clinical Outcomes:

- Telepsychiatry Preferred for Adults with Anxiety Disorders
- Highly effective to patients that have PTSD

https://www.psychiatry.org/psychiatrists/practice/telepsychiatry/toolkit/clinical-outcomes

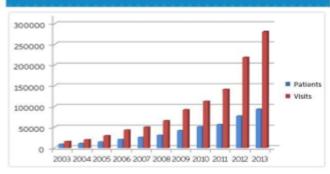
Veterans Administration

Great Outcomes

Patient Satisfaction Outcomes

- •25% Drop in Hospitalizations
- 94% satisfaction rate of 8,000+ surveyed





TMH CVT implementation Measures in VA Since 2002

2003-2013

- •1,200,000 TMH encounters
- 10 fold increase in new patients annually
- 150 Medical Centers
- 530 Clinics

Telebehavioral Health Research

What does the research say about telebehavioral health?



Same Efficacy

Literature supports efficacy of nearly all TMH/TBH services¹



Same Methods

TBH uses same theoretical methods & techniques²



Same Services

All in-person mental health services can be delivered via video³

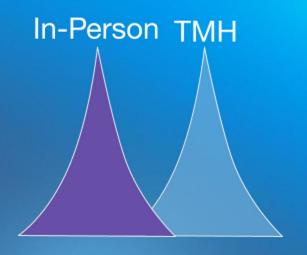


Same Clients

No Contra indications

Effectiveness

Research on Telebehavioral Health



Positive Outcomes

High Patient Satisfaction

Moderate to High Clinical Satisfaction

Meta-analysis of 92 studies of online therapy

Journal of Technology in Human services, Vol. 26, No. 2

Meta-analysis of 148 peer-reviewed studies on the use of video therapy online

Clinical Psychology: Science and Practice, Vol. 16, No. 3

Apps for Telebehavioral Health



Computerized Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (cCBT)

Insomnia Example

- 30-40% say they suffer each year (NIH)
- 10-15% say they suffer chronically (NIH)
- Increased direct medical costs by \$924-1,143 over a 6 mo. period¹
- Insomnia causes 2x missed work days and 2x error rate²
- Treating insomnia improves outcomes for depression
 & heart disease³
- Insomnia is a significant factor in alcohol relapse⁴



^{1.} Ozminkowski et al (2007). Cost Burden of Untreated Insomnia. Sleep, Vol. 30, No. 3.

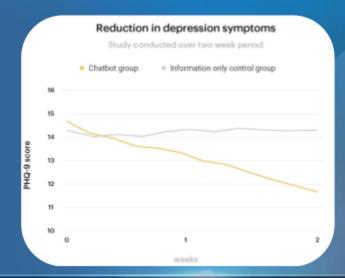
^{2.} Godet-Cayre et al (2006). Insomnia, Who Pays the Cost? Sleep, Vol 29, No.2.

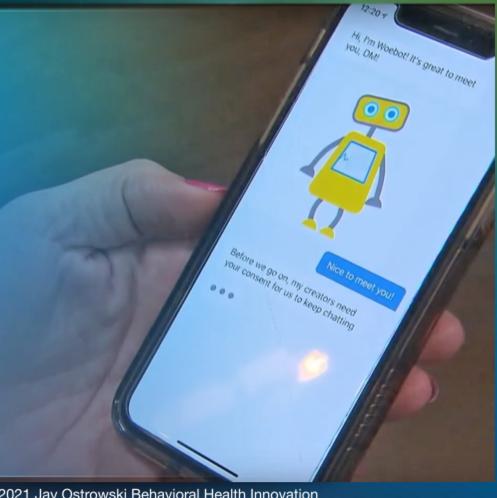
^{3.} Clinical Correlates of Insomnia in Patients with Chronic Illness - Arch Intern Med. 1998: 158: 1099-107

^{4.} Brewer et al. (2001). Insomnia, Self-Medication and Relapse to Alcoholism. Am J Psychiatry. 2001 Mar: 158(3): 399-404.

Chatbots

In a <u>study</u> of university students suffering from depression, those using the chatbot experienced close to a 20% improvement in two weeks, based on PHQ-9 scores.





Avatars

Ellie was designed to treat veterans experiencing depression and post-traumatic stress syndrome.

What is so special about the technology is that Ellie can detect not only words but also nonverbal cues (e.g., facial expression, gestures, posture). Nonverbal signs are very important in therapy, yet can be subtle and difficult to pick up.

Ellie can gather and analyze multisensory information and help assess a user.

Ellie's creators argue that this virtual human can advance mental health and improve diagnostic precision.

Other Avatars - Can be used to as treatment tools or to provide a novel treatment environment.



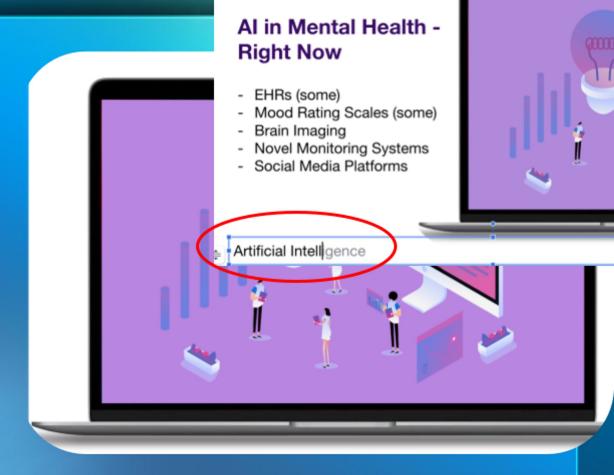


Evidence Base for Telebehavioral Health © 2021 Jay Ostrowski Behavioral Health Innovation

Al in Mental Health Right Now

- EHRs (some)
- Mood Rating Scales (some)
- Brain Imaging
- Novel Monitoring Systems
- Social Media Platforms

Artificial Intelligence can finish my sentence.



Artificial Intelligence In Behavioral Health

Patient-Client Monitoring & Intervention

- Prediction
- Prevention
- Detection
- Response-Treatment
- Maintenance
- Relapse-Prevention

<u>Users</u> Patients

Providers

Caregivers

Researchers

Provider Training and Support

- Epidemiology Studies
- Monitoring and Alert Systems
- Evidence-based Treatment Plans
- Intervention Recommendations
- Training Tools Simulations, Provider Feedback
- Provider Resiliency Monitoring & Support



What is Possible?

Apply To These Sample Goals:

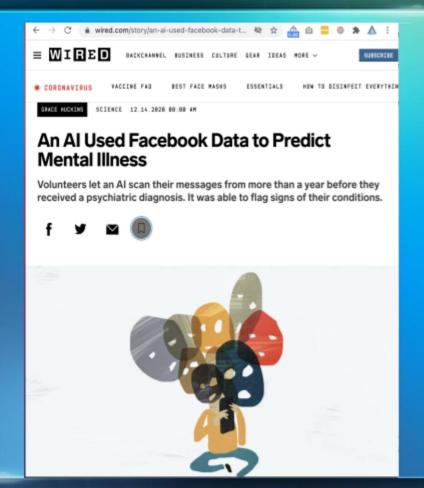
- Identification of behaviors-trends
- Awareness for early intervention
- Triage of clients to appropriate level of treatment
- Tracking clinical progress
- Monitoring provider effectiveness
- Education and treatment of clients
- Education of providers feedback loops

Many, many more possibilities...

What if...
We could <u>predict</u> that someone would develop psychotic symptoms
1-1.5 years ahead of a clinical diagnoses?

Wired Magazine Grace Huckins, 12.14.2020 08:00 AM

https://www.wired.com/story/an-ai-used-face book-data-to-predict-mental-illness/





Free (grant-funded) Technical Assistance.

JAY OSTROWSKI MA, LPC-S, NCC, ACS, BC-TMH

Consultative Partner- <u>TBHCOE.MATRC.org</u> CEO, <u>Behavioral Health Innovation</u> CEO, <u>Adaptive Telehealth</u>

TELEMENTAL HEALTH RESEARCH REFERENCES

Same Efficacy

Same Methods

Same Services

Same Populations

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Question and Answer



Evaluation Information

The MHTTC Network is funded through SAMHSA to provide this training. As part of receiving this funding we are required to submit data related to the quality of this event.

At the end of today's training please take a moment to complete a **brief** survey about today's training.



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Twitter: @necmhttc

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