

Native Food is Medicine: **Providing Emotional/ Resilient Support for** AI/AN Youth through the **Healing Power of Food Session 1**

June 9, 2022

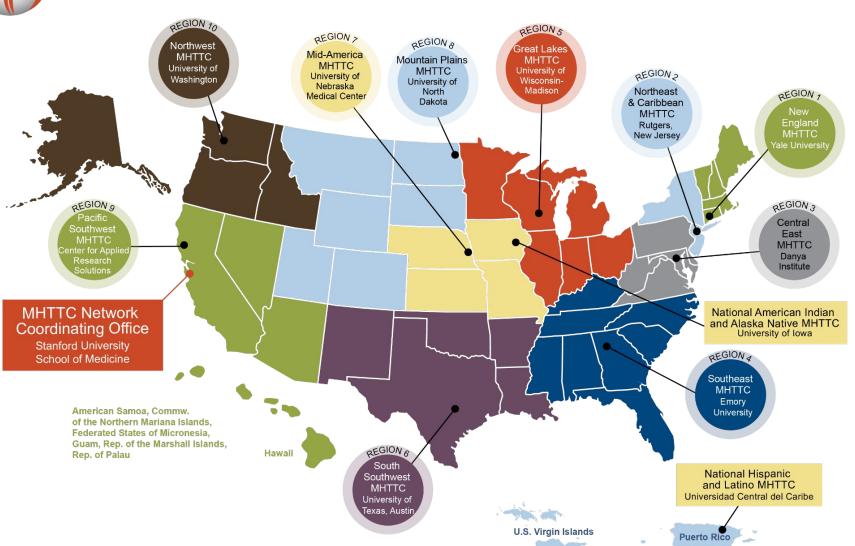
10am-11:30pm CST







MHTTC Network



American Indian & Alaska Native Mental Health Technology Transfer Center K-12 School Mental Health Supplement Project

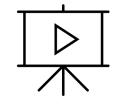


The National American Indian and Alaska Native Mental Health Technology Transfer Center is supported by a grant from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA).

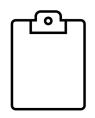
The content of this event is the creation of the presenter(s), and the opinions expressed do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of SAMHSA, HHS, or the American Indian & Alaska Native MHTTC.

Follow-up

Following today's event, you will receive a follow up email, which will include:



Links to the presentation slides and recording, if applicable



Link to our evaluation survey (GPRA)

Land Acknowledgement

We would like to take this time to acknowledge the land and pay respect to the Indigenous Nations whose homelands were forcibly taken over and inhabited.

Past and present, we want to honor the land itself and the people who have stewarded it throughout the generations.

This calls us to commit to forever learn how to be better stewards of these lands through action, advocacy, support, and education.

We acknowledge the painful history of genocide and forced occupation of Native American territories, and we respect the many diverse indigenous people connected to this land on which we gather from time immemorial.

While injustices are still being committed against Indigenous people on Turtle Island, today we say thank you to those that stand with Indigenous peoples and acknowledge that land reparations must be made to allow healing for our Indigenous peoples and to mother earth, herself.

Dekibaota, Elleh Driscoll, Meskwaki and Winnebago Nations Ttakimaweakwe, Keely Driscoll, Meskwaki and Winnebago Nations Keokuk, Sean A. Bear, 1^{st.} Meskwaki Nation



Teresa Brewington Co-Director



Bethany Walzcak Graduate Research Assistant



MHTTC K-12 Program Co-Director

Teresa Brewington works for the Native Center for Behavioral Health at The University of Iowa. She is the Co-Director for the National American Indian and Alaska Native Mental Health TTC – K- 12 School Supplement and the Co-Director for the National American Indian and Alaska Native Child Traumatic Stress Initiative – Category II. She is an enrolled member of the Coharie Tribe and a descendent of the Lumbee Tribe. She holds a Master's in Educational Leadership, a Master's in Business Administration, and has 36 credit hours towards a Master's in Counseling. She has held positions as a director at several mental health agencies and worked as a school guidance counselor serving primarily Hispanic/Latino students. She has also served as a foster care agency supervisor, where she worked directly with the Salt River Pima Indian Community placing Native American children in foster homes. Her last position was as the Elementary School Principal for Native children at the Meskwaki Settlement, located in Iowa, where she currently resides.



MHTTC K-12 Program Manager

Dr. Allison Baez, Tap Pilam Coahuiltecan Nation. For over 25 years her focus has been on students' and their families' academic success. Dr. Baez shares her expertise that implements the best practices from a Native cultural lens intended to strengthen and empower individuals, families, and communities. Through collaborative efforts she applies culturally responsive approaches and methodologies to serve Indigenous populations. She received her PhD from the University of the Incarnate Word in San Antonio, TX.

Today's Speaker

Thank you for joining us as we share our cultural connection to food, apply a balanced way of eating, and incorporate Indigenous traditions into our lives with the healing power of food. We welcome Dr. Vanessa Quezada (Kickapoo/Chichimeca). She is a pharmacist and founding member of SanArte Healing and Cultura clinic. Her work is at the intersections of Native traditional healing, food sovereignty and renewable energy that build more life-giving systems.

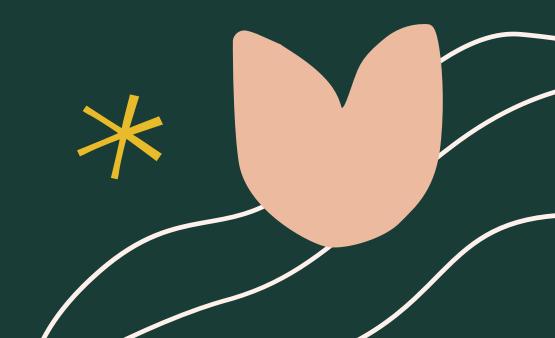
Participants will become knowledgeable in providing emotional/ resilient support for AI/AN youth. Our school communities will develop healthier eating habits for successful outcomes in and out of the classroom.

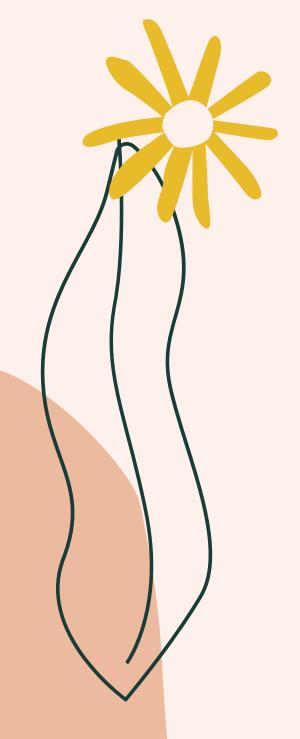
We will reflect upon our cultural connections to food and discuss the importance of sugar stability in the body as related to mental health support. We will learn how to adapt a balanced way of eating and discuss the role of stress, sleep and exercise. Together, we will develop plans for improving access to our traditional foods.



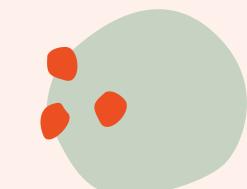
NATIVE FOOD IS MEDICINE

Vanessa Quezada, PharmD June 9, 2022





Land Acknowledgement Yanaguana, Coahuilteco Estok G'na





Vanessa Quezada, PharmD Kickapoo, Chichimeca





Overview

Prayer for the Seeds

Why are native foods important?

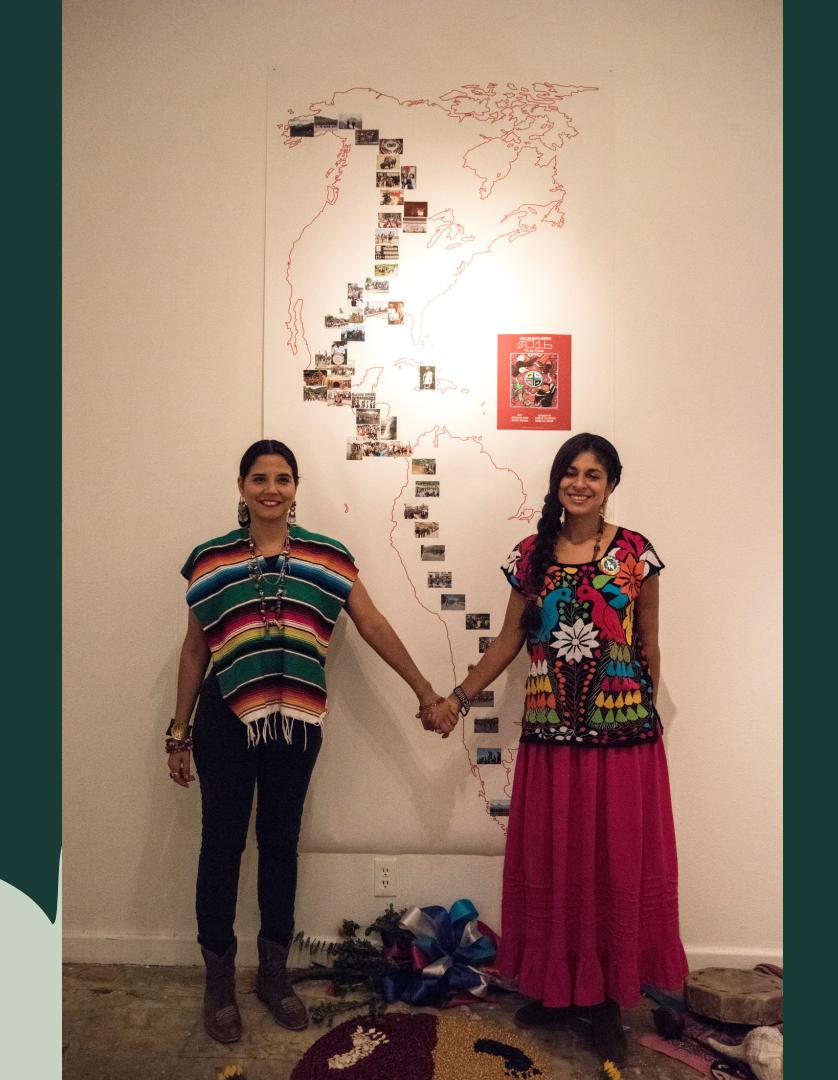
Finding balance in our nervous systems understanding the mind-gut connection

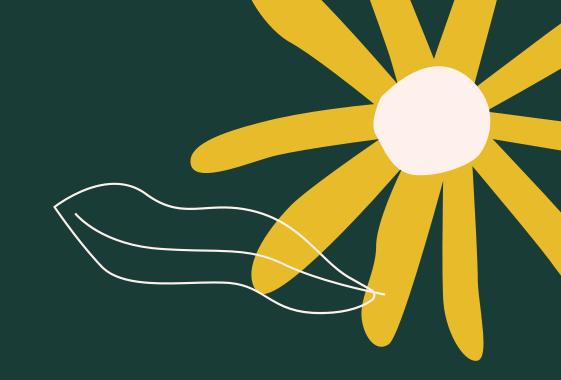
Sugar dependency, traditional vs. processed

Sugar stabilization with PFC

Traditional food examples

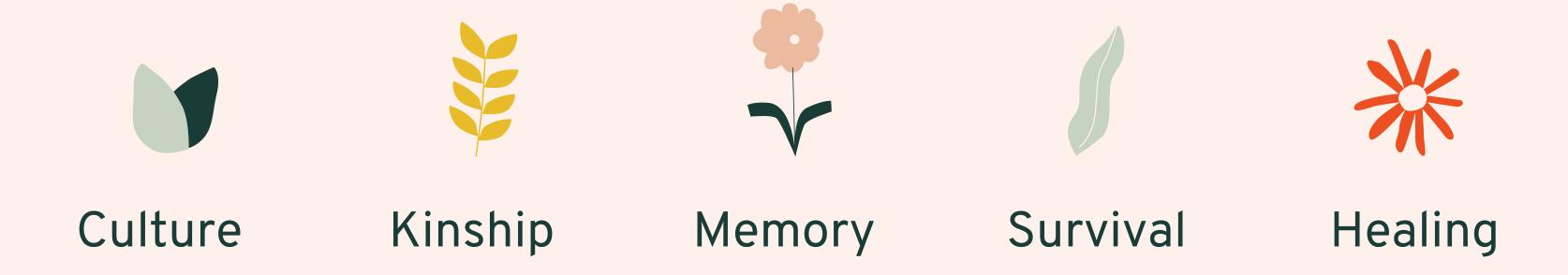






Prayers for the Seeds

Why is native food so important?





RESTORES OUR KINSHIP WITH THE LAND

Be in right relations

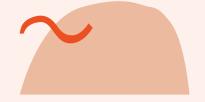
Example: Lucille Contreras - Texas Tribal Buffalo Project

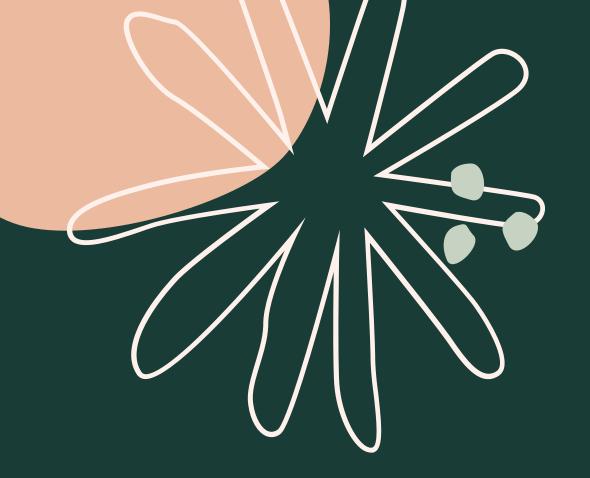
PHYSIOLOGY

Indigenous Sustainable Community Design Course 20 generations for our DNA to adapt to a location Roxanne Swentzell "The Pueblo Food Experience"

POWERFUL WAY TO HEAL OURSELVES IN COMMUNITY

Relationship to ceremony, gathering, part of our spiritual healing - remembering how to treat each other as family.





Breakout groups:

Why are native foods important to you?





CHILDREN & YOUTH CHALLENGES

STRESS

Family instability
Substance
dependency
Extractive labor
Overwhelm
social media
the state of the world

MENTAL ILLNESS

Anxiety
Depression
Oppositional defiant disorder
conduct disorder
Attention-defecit/Hyperacticity
disorder
Post-traumatic Stress disorder
substance abuse



IN THE CLASSROOM

Externalized Stress

Acting out (outbursts, anger)

Internalized stress

shutting down (lack of focus, apathy)

Finding Balance: Nervous system

Survival Mode - intergenerational trauma

SLEEP we need 7.5 hours!

EXERCISE

Walking 20mins/day = anti-inflammatory

15 mins/day reduced mortality 14% & extended life expectancy by 3-years



Matthew Walker "Why we Sleep"

https://www.livescience.com/57498-exercise-reduces-

inflammation.html#:~:text=The%20researchers%20found%20that%20this,inflammatory%20response%2C%20the%20researchers%20said.

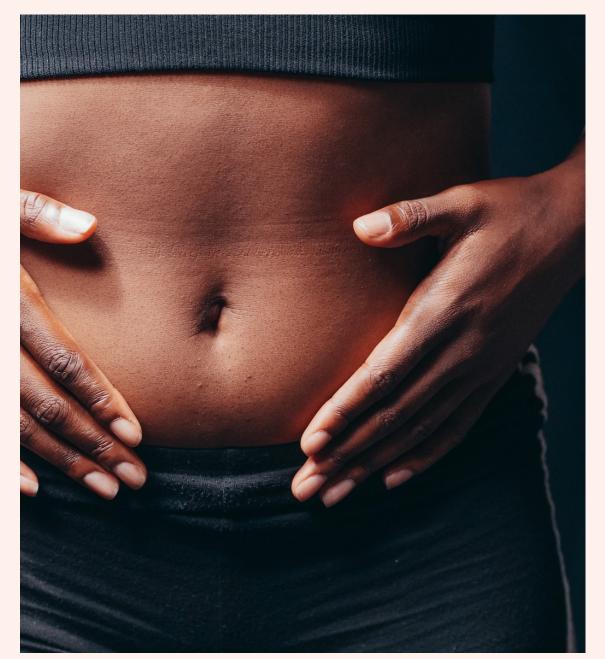
Neurotransmitters

"Stress Gut"

<u>Serotonin</u> - sleep appetite, mediates moods, inhibits pain, digests food (spiritual connection to emotions) good bacteria decrease inflammation and increase digestion

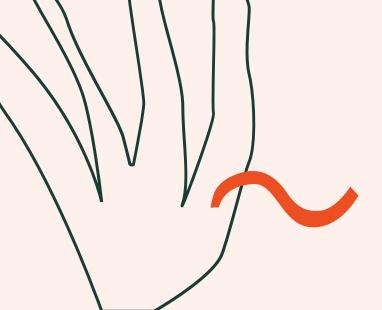
"90% of serotonin receptors .. are located in the gut. So, for example, when we eat something sweet or sugary, it produces dopamine (the feel-good hormone) and serotonin (the happiness hormone). The neurotransmitters carry those chemicals to the brain, and we feel happy."

Melatonin - influence of blue light





https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22314561 https://hbr.org/2021/08/weirdly-true-we-are-what-we-eat https://www.health.harvard.edu/staying-healthy/blue-light-has-a-dark-side



What's sugar got to do with it?



Processed Sugar & Opiate Receptors

includes high fructose corn syrup, sucrose, dextrose, fructose...

"Evidence for sugar addiction: Behavioral and neurochemical effects of intermittent, excessive sugar intake"

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2235907/





SUGAR FROM THE AMERICAS

Note: processed sugar is 99.5% sugar and 0.5% water

MAPLE SYRUP

Good Fats
Vitamin B1, B2
antioxidants
zinc, calcium,
potassium, magnesium
Awakening of Mother
Earth

MESQUITE

13% protein
36% sucrose
carbohydrates
calcium, iron
minerals

<u>HONEY</u>

carbohydrates,
fats, proteins
Vitamin C, Vitamin B5 &B6
copper, iron, potassium, zinc
antioxidants

SUGAR CANE

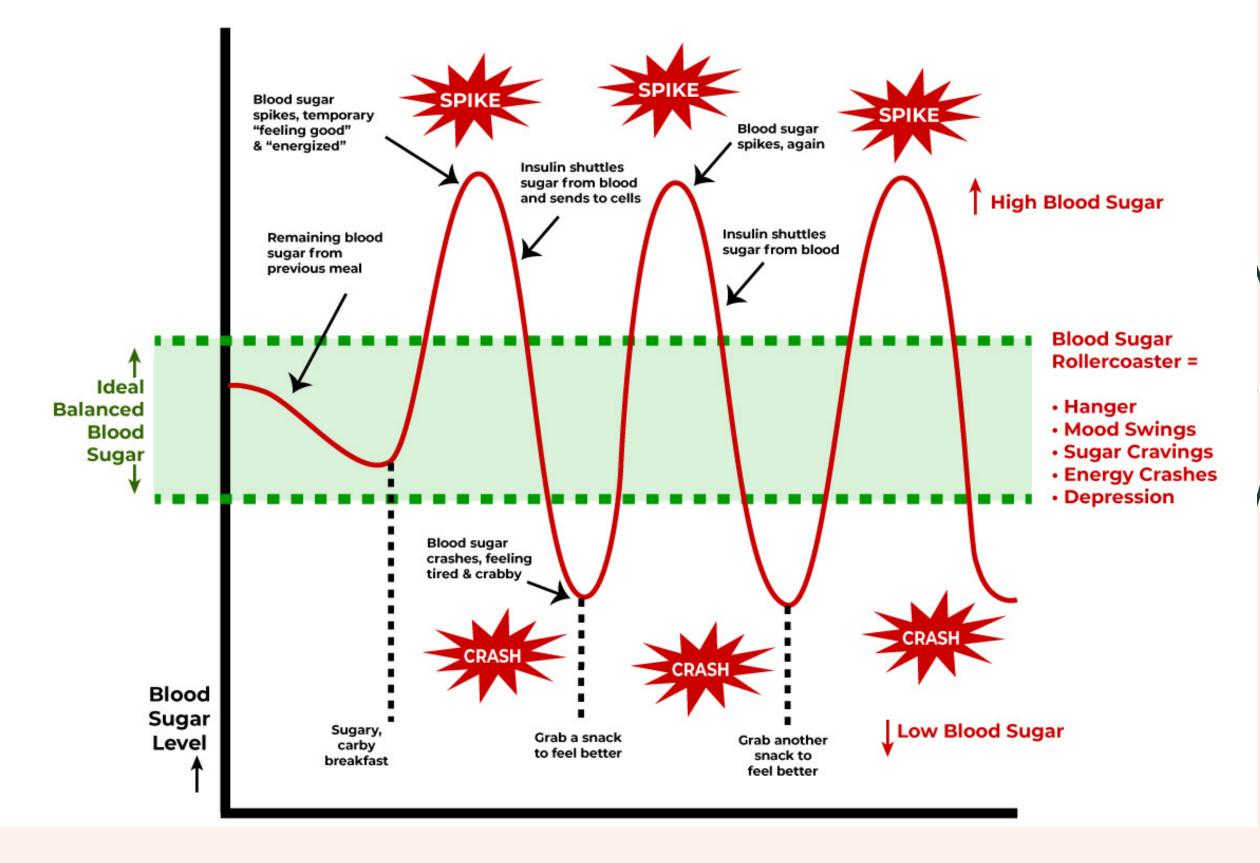
10-15% sugar
water
fiber
enyzmes
vitamins
mineral



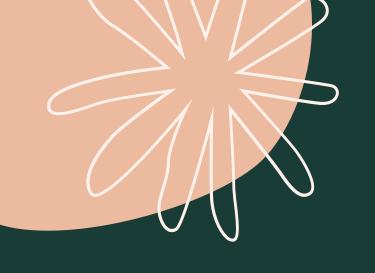
Blood Sugar Stabilization



THE BLOOD SUGAR ROLLER COASTER



https://tasty-yummies.com/tag/tasty-yummies/page/2/





Breakout questions:

What do YOU feel like when your blood sugar is low?

What would you have to do to eat every 3-4 hours?

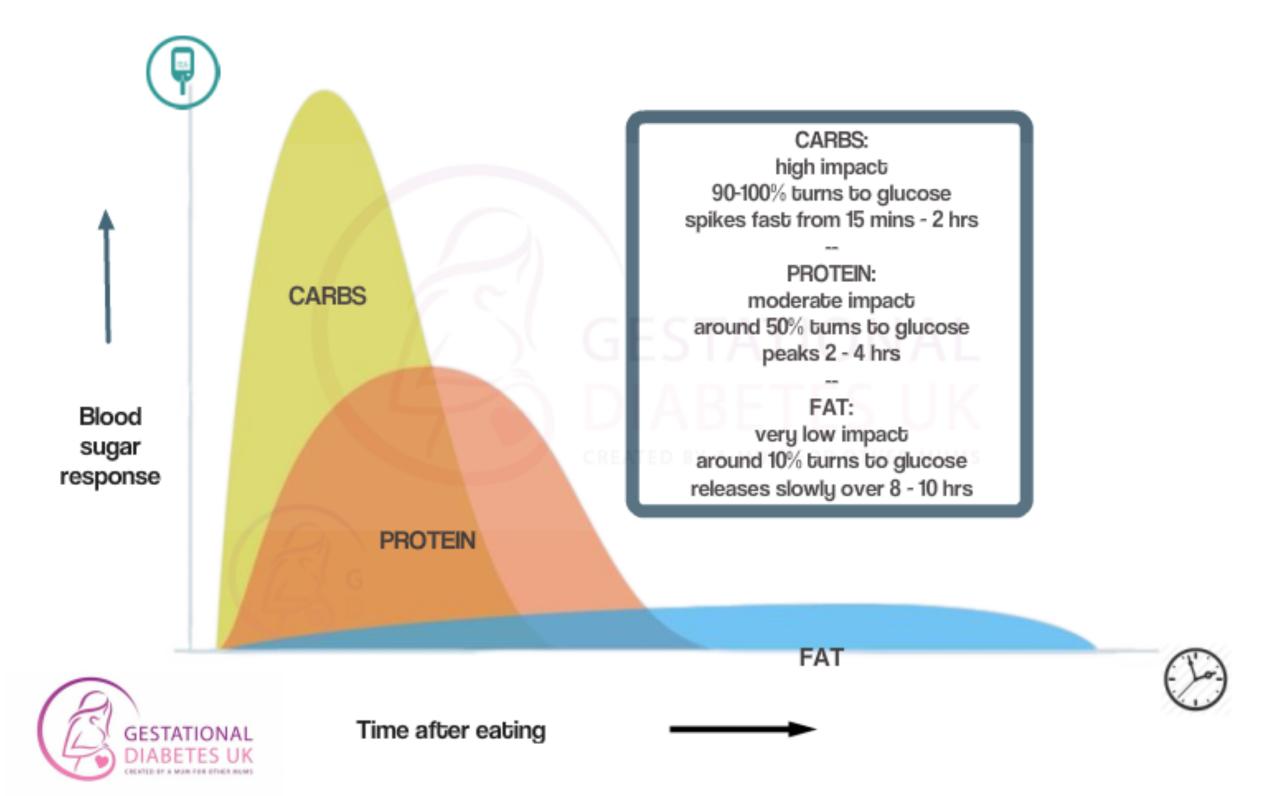
How can your students have this timing as well?



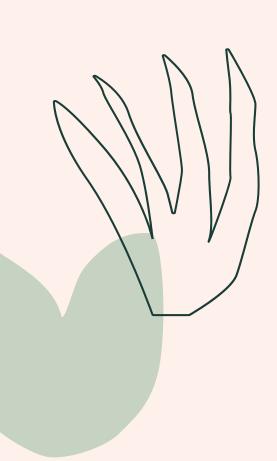
Blood Sugar Stabilization



The impact of macronutrients on blood glucose levels



THE NAME OF THE GAME PFC: PROTEIN, FAT, CARBOHYDRATE



PROTEIN

Traditional meats, fish, birds, eggs, insects

Wild game - lean
Organ meats
Bone Soup/Broth (Ca)
Salmon, cod, others
Canned fish bones in (Ca)
Organic beef & chicken
More in Fall & Winter

(GOOD) FAT

Lard

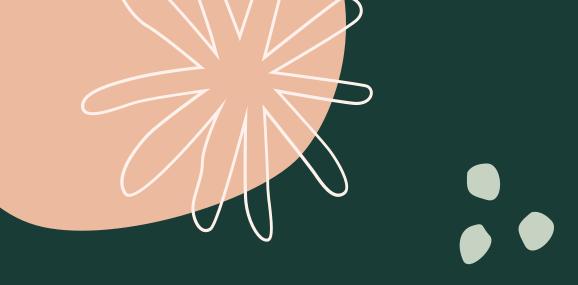
"Guts and Grease"

Sunflower Seeds
Pecans, pinenuts
Acorns, hazelnuts
Avocado

CARBOHYDRATE

Vegetables, Fruit, Grains

Corn, Beans, Squash wild roots (camas, cattail...) dandelion greens Wild rice, Wild oats amaranth lentils, quinoa wild berries



Breakout question:

Write out 3 meals that would follow protein, good fat and carbohydrate with at least ONE traditional food from your region per meal.



Anishinaabe



raditional Toods Pyramid

Eating the foods the Creator gave us will honor Him and give us good health.



Fish Oil Traditional

Healthy Modern Additions: Extra Virgin Olive Oil, Butter, Coconut oil, Stevia Sweets & Oils

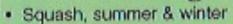
Traditional Fruits & Berries

· Wild berries, i.e. huckleberries, blueberries, raspberries, strawberries, choke cherries · Wild crab apples



Healthy Modern Additions: Citrus, Bananas & all other fresh fruit

Traditional Vegetables



- Stems, sprouts . New shoots
- . Spring Greens (Dandelion, etc.) Wild Rhubarb
- Jerusalam artichoke Wild Mushrooms · Wild roots (Bitter root, camas, cattail, etc.)

Healthy Modern Additions:

Spinach, swiss chard, and other lettuce greens, misc. fresh herbs (dill, mint, basil, oregano, ginger, etc.), onion, peppers, carrots, parsnips, potatoes, yams, string beans, cauliflower, broccoli, etc.

Traditional Grains, Nuts & Beans

- · Indian biscuits (Bannock) · Wild rice
- · Dried corn (Hominy) and popcorn · Wild oats
- Acorns, hazelnuts, or pinenuts
 Adzuki beans (Small red beans)

Healthy Modern Additions: Whole grains (barley, wheat, steel-cut oats, flax seeds, buckwheat, amaranth, etc.); almonds, walnuts and other nuts and nut butter; all bean and lentil varieties

Traditional Meats, Fish, Birds, Eggs especially in fall & winter, less in spring & summer)

- · Buffalo, deer, elk, rabbit, squirrel, beaver, bear · Organ meats and lard
- · Duck, geese, pheasant, grouse, quall · Fish

Eggs

Healthy Modern Additions:

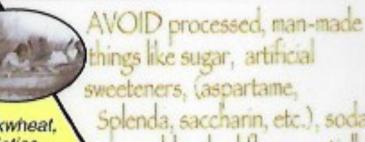
Wild salmon, cod and other ocean or river fish; Organic beef, Free-range turkey, chicken and "cage-free" eggs

A NOTE on DAIRY: Dairy, while included in "American" food pyramids, is not a traditional food for Anishinaabe Hunter-gathers.

Traditional Calcium and Mineral Sources Included:

- Breast milk for babies and children under two years
- . Bone soup or broth
- · Fish head soup
- · Canned fish with the bones
- Vegetables and greens

Processed homogenized dairy products have been found to increase risk of Type 2 diabetes, while only raw milk from healthy cows is a healthy and beneficial actition to a teaditional dist. Cultured disry (yogurt, kefir, buttermilk, etc.) from raw milk is digestible for those who are otherwise lactose intolerant.



hings like sugar, artificial sweeteners, (aspartame, Splenda, saccharin, etc.), soda pop, bleached flour, partially hydrogenated vegetable

oil, most packaged toods, convenience

and fast food.

Eat According to the Seasons & the Land

Colder Weather

increases the need for heavier foods such as meat (venison, buffalo), it's naturally occuring fat (like lard) and starches found in potatoes, winter squash and wild rice (and other foods which can be stored over the winter months). This might also include dried jerky (pemmican), dried berries, corn (hominy), canned goods, etc.

INTER

Fall or Autumn

is a time to enjoy the harvest and to prepare for the winter months. Cooler weather brings hunting season, some which is dried or smoked to save for winter. Squash, tubers (like potatoes, yams and carrots), corn, apples and other fall harvested fruits and vegetables and nuts (acorns, etc.) are collected and many are stored for winter use.

Spring Time

is a time of renwal. Fish, eggs,
fresh shoots (such as horsetail and
cattail sprouts) and tender greens (such as
lambs quarters which is also known as wild
spinach, dandelion, plantain, perslane, mint,
wintergreen, nettles, wood ferns, and
creeping snowberry leaves) help us to
cleanse our systems from the heavy
winter foods.

PRING

Summer Time

we tend to be more active and need more high energy foods like berries, nettles and fish. An abundance of fresh greens and vegetables from gardens are available now to be enjoyed, some are canned for winter use. Summer is not a good time to hunt game because of ticks, bacteria and it's too warm to hang the animal. In late summer wild rice is harvested and prepared for



FOCUS on LOCAL



Eating the foods that are grown in the soil and climate that you live in is very impor-

tant. These STAPLE foods provide the specific nutrients your body needs. The Creator has given us everything we need literally within walking distance from where you live (wild rice, fish, deer, corn, various greens, and the other traditional foods mentioned above.) How else could people have survived without modern transportation? ... and they did so for thousands of years.

While citrus and other tropical fruits may be a healthy treat for us, their nutrition is better geared for those who live in the



regions they are grown in. If the Creator would have thought we needed bananas or pineapple or coconut he would have had them grow here, but they cannot. This does not mean we cannot ever enjoy them, they simply should not be the STAPLES of our diet.



"We must take responsibility for our health and for the wellbeing of our children. In doing so, we pass on a legacy of self-respect and tribal strength for future generations."

- Davon A Mihesuah (Recovering our Ancestor's Gardens)

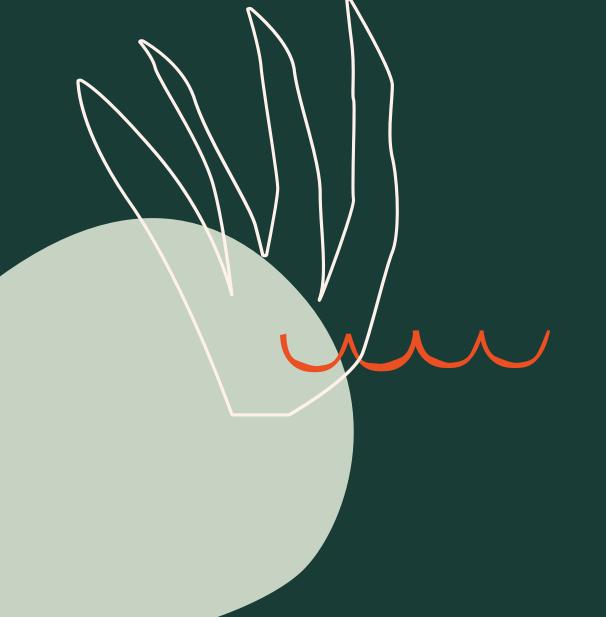


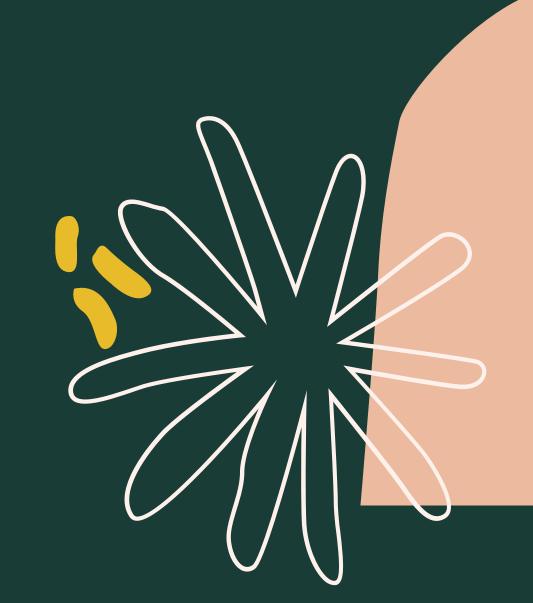
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Questions or Comments?

About National Al/AN MHTTC K -12

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K thru 12 Program Information

K-12 Program guide.pdf