Newcomer Immigrant & Refugee Youth School Supports

Marie Tanaka, PhD September 19, 2023





Mountain Plains (HHS Region 8)

Mental Health Technology Transfer Center Network Funded by Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

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The work of the Mountain Plains MHTTC is supported by grant H79SM081792 from the Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration.

The Mountain Plains Mental Health Technology Transfer Center

The Mountain Plains Mental Health Technology Transfer Center (Mountain Plains MHTTC) provides training and technical assistance to individuals who serve persons with mental health concerns throughout Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah and Wyoming).

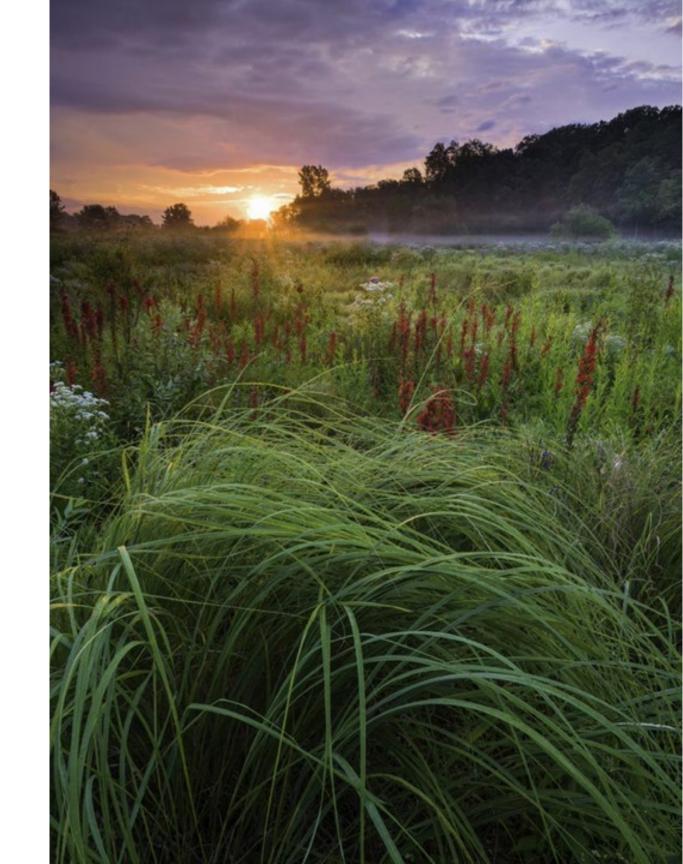
We belong to the Technology Transfer Center (TTC) Network, a national network of training and technical assistance centers serving the needs of mental health, substance use and prevention providers. The work of the TTC Network is under a cooperative agreement by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Service Administration (SAMHSA).





Land Acknowledgement Statement

Today, the University of North Dakota rests on the ancestral lands of the Pembina and Red Lake Bands of Ojibwe and the Dakota Oyate - presently existing as composite parts of the Red Lake, Turtle Mountain, White Earth Bands, and the Dakota Tribes of Minnesota and North Dakota. We acknowledge the people who resided here for generations and recognize that the spirit of the Ojibwe and Oyate people permeates this land. As a university community, we will continue to build upon our relations with the First Nations of the State of North Dakota - the Mandan, Hidatsa, and Arikara Nation, Sisseton-Wahpeton Oyate Nation, Spirit Lake Nation, Standing Rock Sioux Tribe, and Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians.



The MHTTC Network uses affirming, respectful and recovery-oriented language in all activities. That language is:

STRENGTHS-BASED AND HOPEFUL

INCLUSIVE AND ACCEPTING OF DIVERSE CULTURES, GENDERS, PERSPECTIVES, AND EXPERIENCES Inviting to individuals participating in their OWN JOURNEYS

PERSON-FIRST AND FREE OF LABELS

NON-JUDGMENTAL AND AVOIDING ASSUMPTIONS

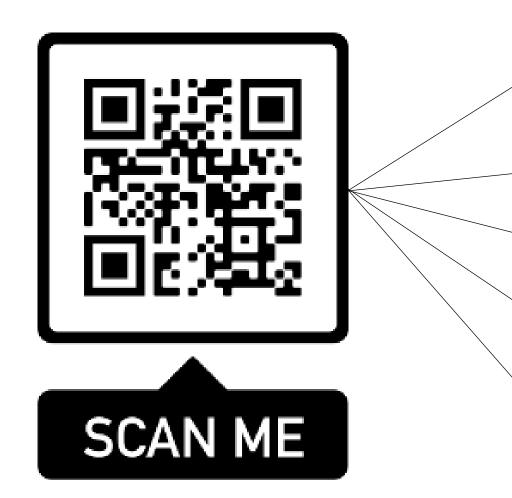
RESPECTFUL, CLEAR AND UNDERSTANDABLE

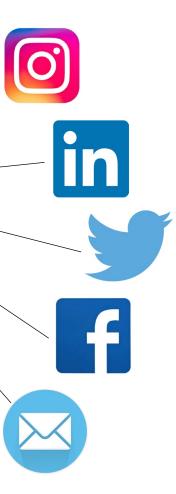
HEALING-CENTERED AND TRAUMA-RESPONSIVE CONSISTENT WITH OUR ACTIONS, POLICIES, AND PRODUCTS

Adapted from: https://mhcc.org.au/wp-content/uploads/2019/08/Recovery-Oriented-Language-Guide_2019ed_v1_20190809-Web.pdf

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Newcomer Immigrant + & Refugee Youth School Supports +

Marie L. Tanaka, PhD Postdoctoral Fellow

> Mountain Plains MHTTC September 2023

Territory Acknowledgment





+ Agenda

 Introduction*
 Background & Current Trends
 Race & Immigration
 Actionable Steps

Request: Compassion & Curiosity

I identify how I may unknowingly benefit from Racism.



Introduction

















Where my students & I have been



WHY IMMIGRANT STUDENTS?

FASTEST GROWING YOUTH POPULATION

SCHOOLS ARE KEY!

STUDENT RIGHTS Plyer v. Doe (1982) FERPA Title I IDEA

DISPROPORTIONALITY

et al., (2017); Immigration Initiative at Harvard, (2023); <u>Muhammad & Chu</u> (2023); <u>UNHCR</u>(2023b)

Refugee Youth Mentorship Program Orientation Activity

You will need 8 slips of paper. You may only write 1 object/person per paper.

Loved one (2) Important document (2) Family heirlooms/important object (2) 2 things you might bring on a long journey





BACKGROUND & TRENDS

 \mathbf{O} 1

Terms & Current Patterns

TEMPORARY TERMS

Refugee

someone who has fled their country because they are at-risk of **serious** human rights violations/persecution

Asylum-Seeker

someone who has left their country & is seeking protection in another

12

Migrant

someone staying outside of their country of origin who is not a refugee/asylum-seeker



TEMPORARY TERMS

Newcomer

K-12 students born outside of U.S. who arrived in last 3-5 years.

Students with limited/interrupted formal education (SIFE/SLIFE)

Students in grades 4-12 who have experienced disruption **Emergent Multilingual Learner (EML)** Student developing proficiency in another language

Oppressive terms to avoid



(<u>Amnesty International</u>, n.d., González-Howard & Suárez, 2021; Suárez-Orozco & Suárez-Orozco, 2007; Suárez-Orozco & Suárez-Orozco, 2009; Warren, 2019)

+ 110 MILLION +

FORCIBLY DISPLACED

Doubled over the past decade



ARE UNDER 18

<u>UNHCR</u> (2023a); <u>UNHCR</u> (2023b); <u>UNHCR</u> (2023c)

Enrolment of refugees in education





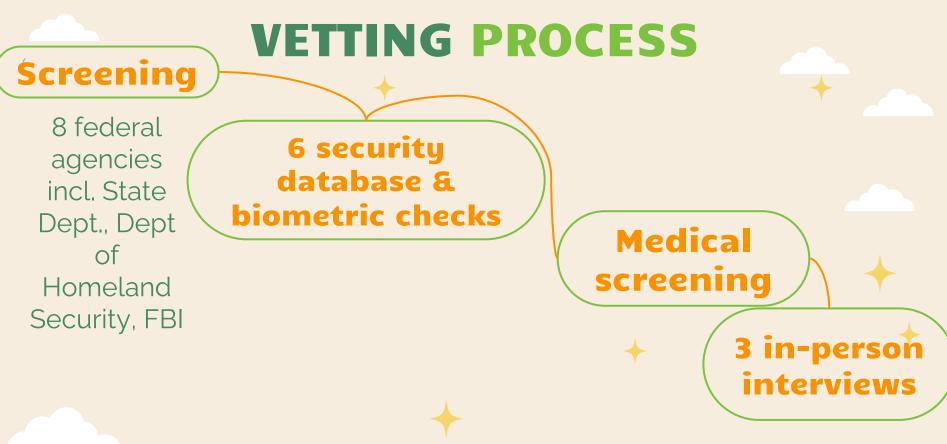








Source: UNHCR



International Rescue Committee (N.D.); UNHCR (N.D.)

THE REFUGEE VETTING PROCESS

Screenings involve these government agencies and take up to 36 months



8 federal agencies incl. State Dept., Dept of Homeland Security, FBI



Department of Homeland Security



Department of State



Federal Bureau of Investigation



United States Intelligence Community

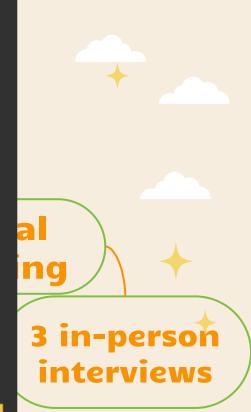


Department of Defense



Department of Health & Human Services

Rescue.org



Top 3 Countries of Origin for Refugees



Ukraine 5.7 MILLION

6.5 MILLION

52%

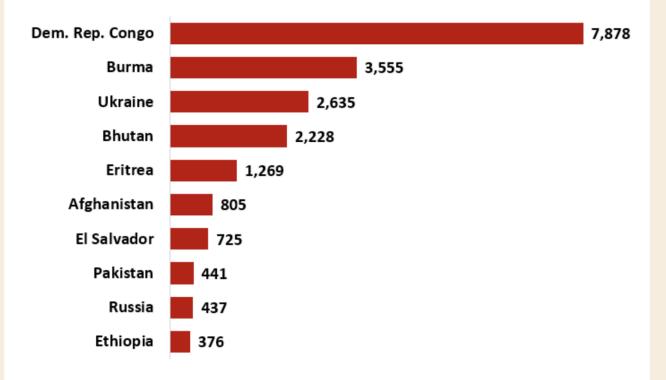
of all refugees and other people in need of international protection came from just three countries

AFGHANISTAN

5.7 MILLION

Where America's Refugees Come From

Top 10 origin countries for refugees admitted to the U.S. in FY 2018



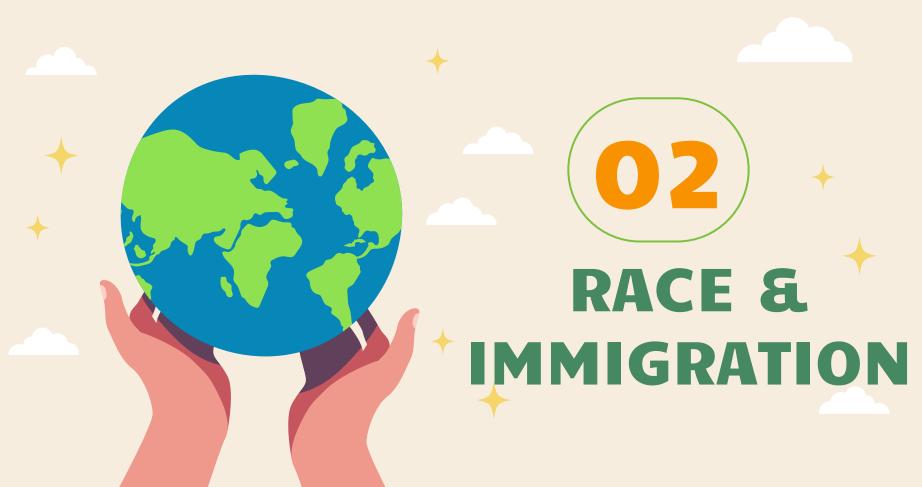
Source: Refugee Processing Center

National Immigration Forum (2020)



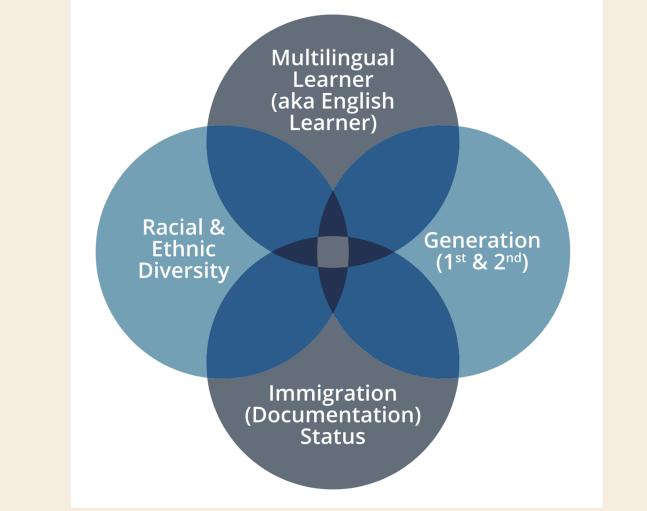


What narratives come to mind? What is your prior exposure?

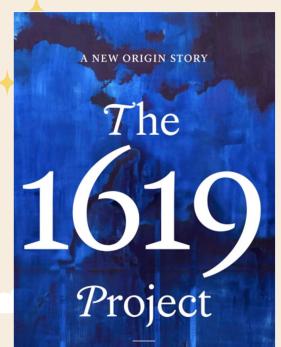




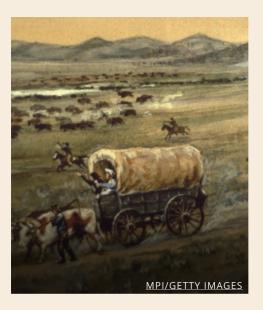
Ryo & Humphrey (2022)

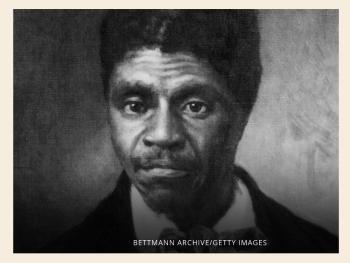


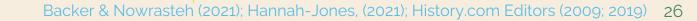


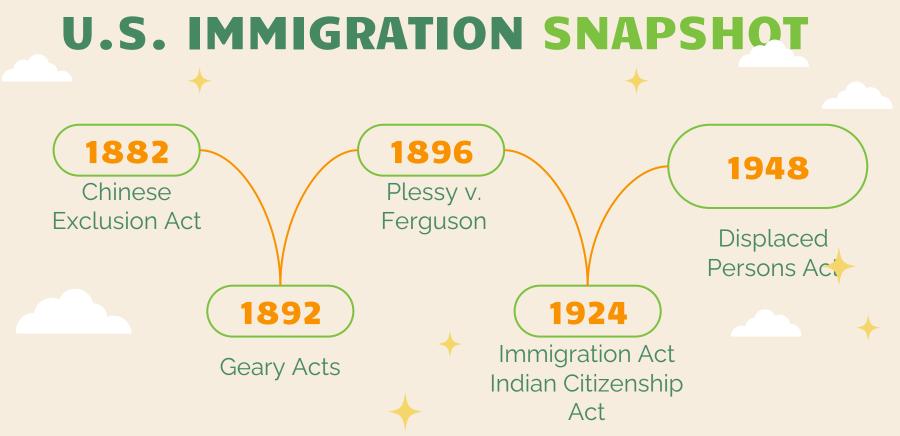


Created by NIKOLE HANNAH-JONES Winner of the Pulitzer Prize & THE NEW YORK TIMES MAGAZINE









History.com Editors (2019, 2021, 2023a, 2023b); Immigration History (2019a, 2019b, 2019c); UNHCR (n.d.b) 27

U.S. IMMIGRATION SINCE 1965





Coover (2020); History.com Editors (2019); U.S. Citizenship & Immigration Services (2023)



Mini activity

Ukraine

Syria

Afghanistan











What is coming up for you? **How does** information presented align with previous learnings, if at all?

WHAT ARE **CHALLENGES NEWCOMER & IMMIGRANT STUDENTS FACE?**

CHALLENGES

POSITIONALITY

- Inconsistent access to stable housing, nutrition, healthcare
- Poverty/work schedules
- Minoritization
- Developing new social identities
- Pre- & post-migration stressors
 - Trauma
 - Resettlement
 - Acculturation
 - Isolation

FAMILY/SCHOOL

- Family separation/conflict
- Accessibility
- Language
- Fear of immigration enforcement
- Lack of familiarity w/ U.S. school system
- Discrepant expectations/values

(Capps & Newland, 2015; Cleary et al., 2018; Dryden-Peterson, 2016; Hayes & Endale, 2018; Motti-Stefanidi et al., 2015; Patel et al., 2016; Perreira & Ornelas, 2013; Santiago et al., 2021; Short & Boyson, 2012; Suárez-Orozco & Suárez-Orozco, 2007)

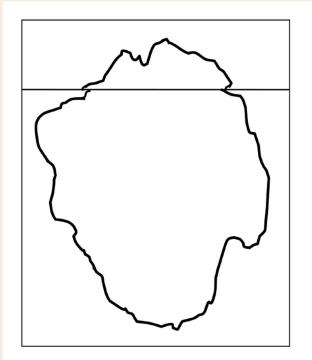
CHALLENGES

SCHOOL

- Navigation
- Discriminatory practices/Segregation
- Low resources
- Teacher perceptions
- Peer influences
- Lower engagement (esp. adolescence)
- Remedial education without linguistic supports
- Foreign-born youths' dropout rate is ~2x of native-born students
- Less than 1% of refugees (ages 18-35) have access to postsecondary education in 2019

(Bayram Ozdemir & Stattin, 2014; Capps & Newland, 2015; Choi & Lim, 2014; Cleary et al., 2018; Dryden-Peterson, 2016; Hayes & Endale, 2018; Hos et al., 2019 Motti-Stefanidi et al., 2015; Perreira & Ornelas, 2013; Short & Boyson, 2012; Suárez-Orozco & Suárez-Orozco, 2007)

ACADEMICS

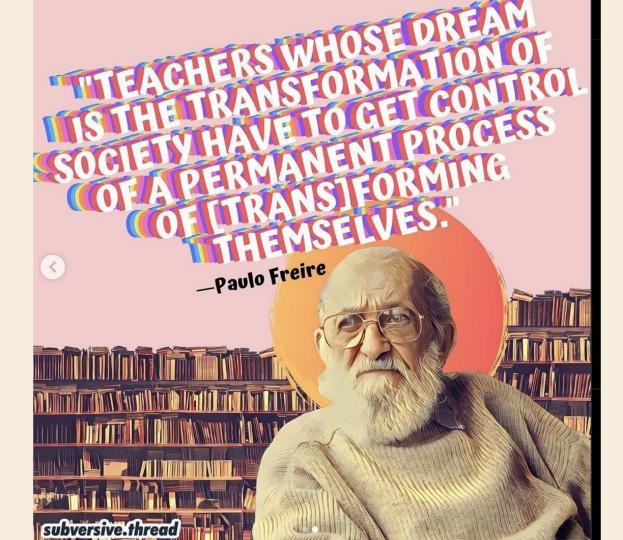


Cummins (1982); Roessingh (2006)

«MENTAL HEALTH»



R ACTIONABLE STEPS & **STRATEGIES**



EDUCATE YOURSELF

.....

PREVIOUS

Important predictor

of achievement

WHERE ARE YOUR STUDENTS **COMING FROM? EDUCATION**

- Ukraine
- Sudan
- Venezuela
 - Iraq

• South Sudan Afghanistan

(Blanchard & Muller, 2015; Canadian Centre for Diversity and Inclusion, 2017; McCorkle, 2020; Suárez-Orozco & Suárez-Orozco, 2009; Umansky et al., 2020; UNHCR n.d.a; n.d.b; n.d.c, n.d.d, n.d.e. n.d.f).

COMMUNITY

RESOURCES

Neighborhood

visits

Partnerships

Policies

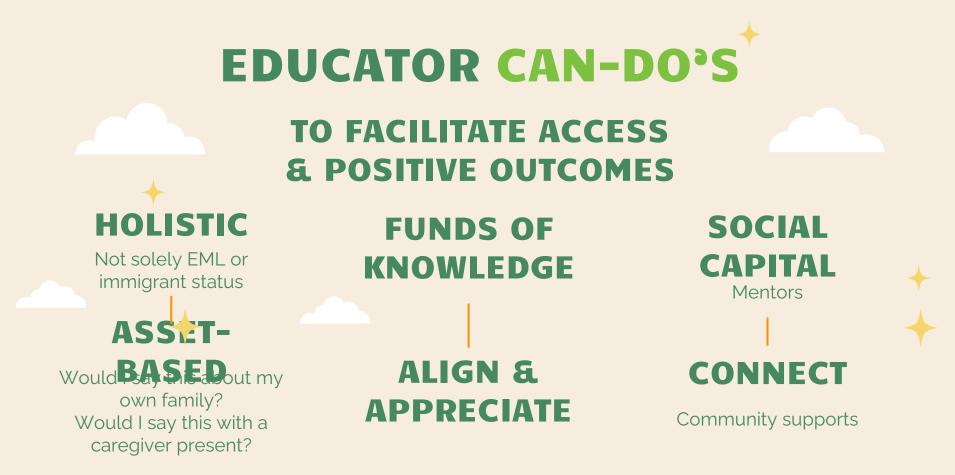
Organizations

REFLECTIONS

Power

Flower

Activity



(Diamond et al., 2004; Hos et al., 2019; Hoti et al., 2019; Miklowska et al., 2019; Martin & Suárez-Orozco, 2018; Short & Boyson, 2012; Suárez-Orozco et al. 2010; Tanaka, 2023)



(Bayram Ozdemir & Stattin, 2014; Breiseth et al., 2011;Martin & Suárez-Orozco, 2018) 42

LANGUAGE ACCESS

BILINGUAL STAFF ≠ INTERPRETERS

USE BILINGUAL STAFF FOR:

- Communicating directly with families in their native language
- Building relationships with families
- Presenting parent workshops in Spanish or whatever language is common among the parents
- Let Key access points, like the front office

USE INTERPRETERS FOR:

- Facilitating communication between families and staff ("middle man")
- Situations that require an unbiased party
- Facilitating communication at workshops and events that are presented in English
- Parent teacher conferences
- Disciplinary situations
- □ IEP meetings





SYSTEMWIDE PRACTICES DESEGREGATION





FAMILIES

Home Visits CA DOE Family Engagement Toolkit (2017)



BUILD COMMUNITY

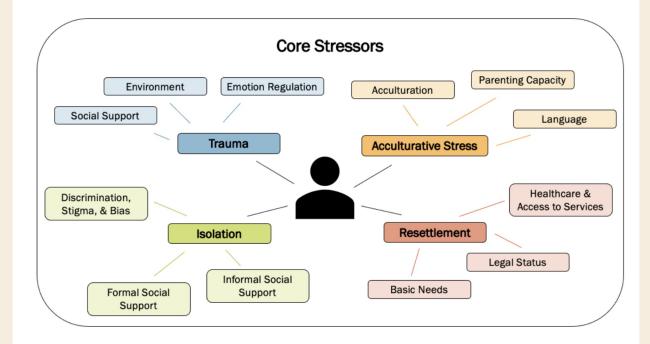
44



(Abkezhr & McMahon (2017); Berseith et al. (2011); Hughes (2014)

ASSESSMENT: Core Stressors Toolkit

Refugee & Immigrant Youth Core Stressors



Boston Children's Hospital (2019)



NTERVENTIONS: Verbal

- Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT)
- Trauma-Focused Cognitive Behavior Therapy (TF-CBT)
- Narrative Exposure Therapy (NET)
- Interpersonal Therapy (IPT)

<u>**Creative Arts:**</u> sandplay, music therapy, drama, drawing

Improvements:

- Functional
- Peer problems
- Behavioral & emotional difficulties
- Well-being

Ager et al. (2011); Barrett et al., (2003); Ellis et al. (2013); Entholt et al. (2005); Jordans et al. (2009); Kalantari et al. (2012); Rousseau et al. (2009); Tyrer & Fazel (2014)



RESOURCES



NEWCOMER TOOLKIT

Professional Learning Activities <u>Family Engagement</u>



SECONDARY SCHOOL TOOLKIT

Orientation handbooks/materials Trauma-informed practices Establishing newcomer program



CULTURAL ORIENTATION

Country customs, refugee crisis, educational practices



READING LISTS/SOCIAL MEDIA

For any student: Adult reading IRC

IRC (2023); UNHCR (2020) 49







THANK YOU

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